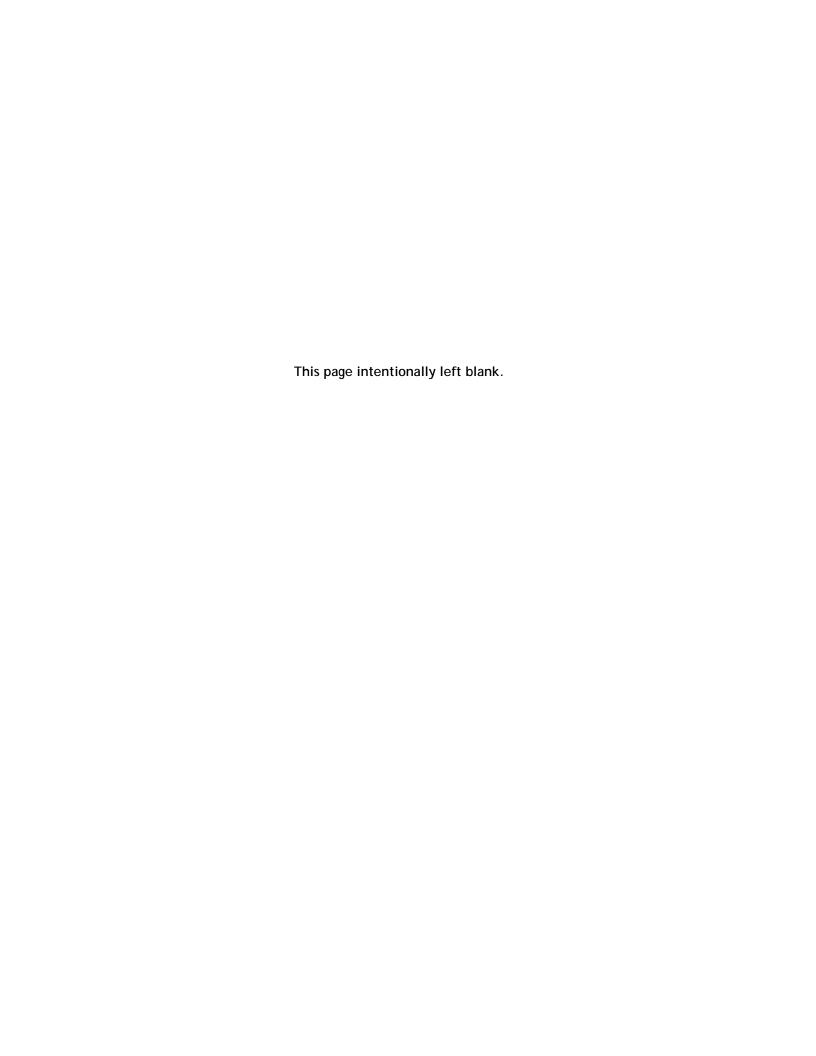
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023

LANSING COMMUNITY COLLEGE · LANSING, MICHIGAN









LANSING COMMUNITY COLLEGE Lansing, Michigan

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023

Prepared by: Financial Services Division

Donald L. Wilske Chief Financial Officer

> Megan L. Garrett Controller

Francis M. Burch Associate Controller

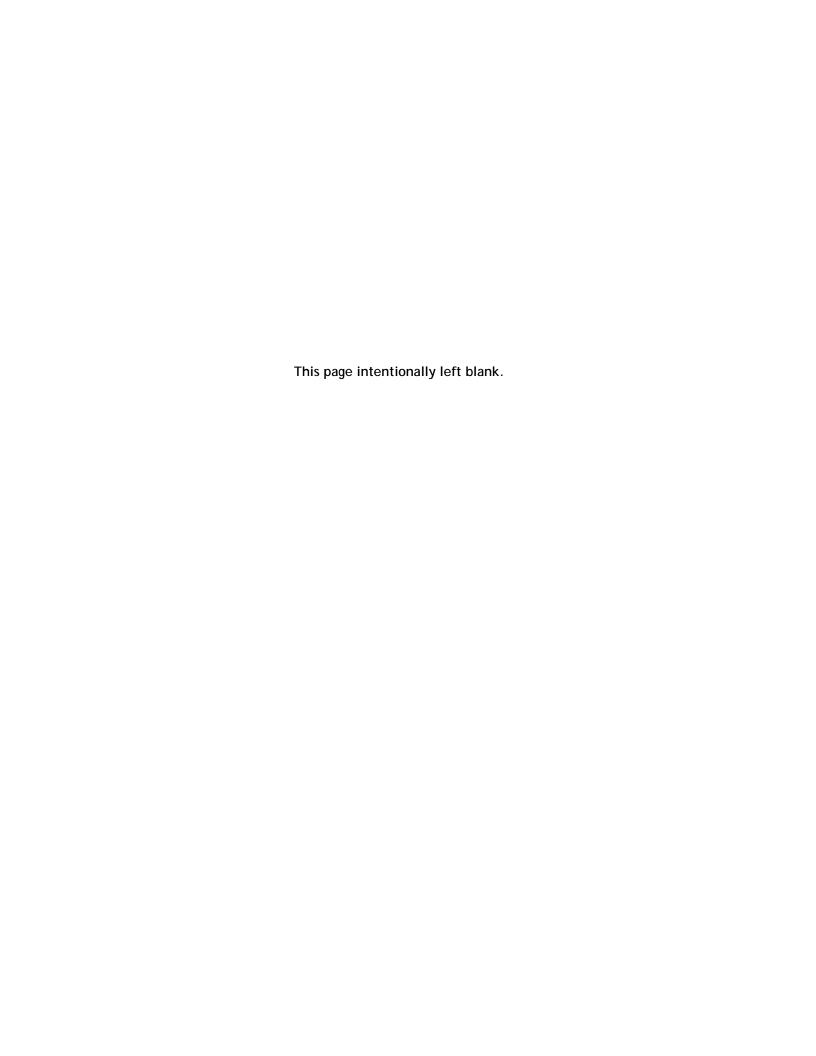


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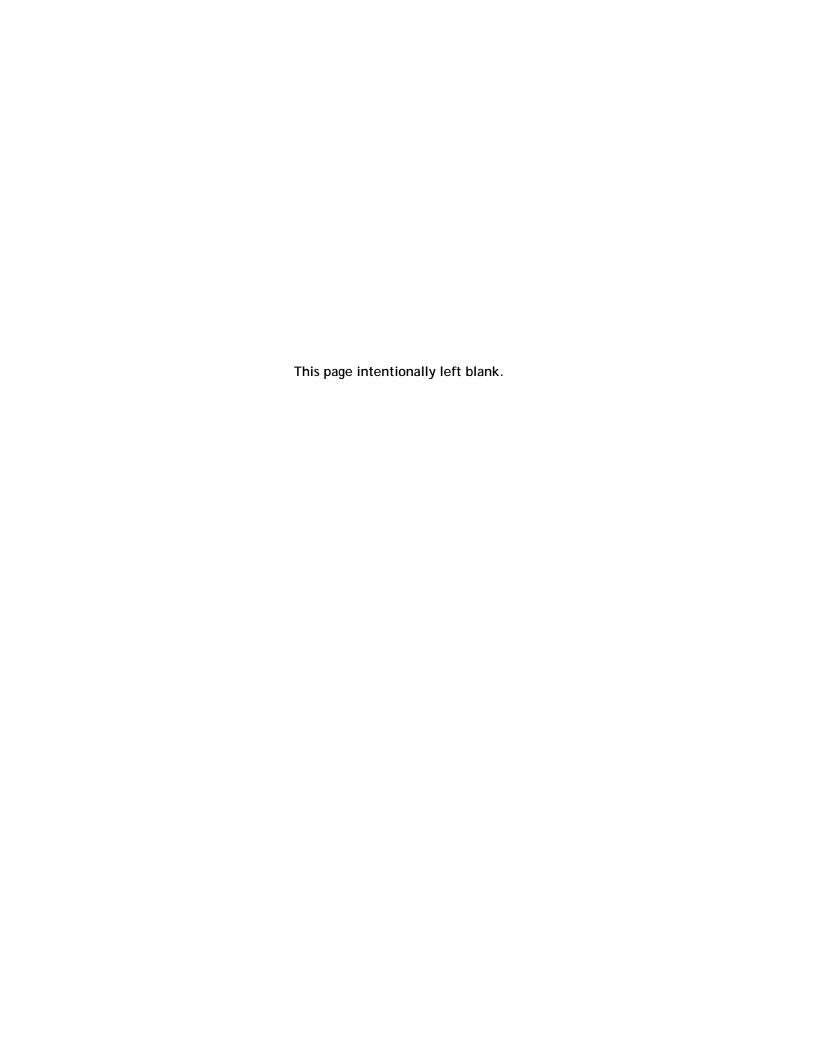
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Introductory Section





October 11, 2024

Members of the Board of Trustees, and Citizens of Lansing Community College District

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Lansing Community College (the "College") for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the College. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the net position and changes in net position of the College. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the College's financial activities in relation to its mission have been included.

Rehmann Robson LLC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified (clean) opinion on Lansing Community College's financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The Independent Auditors' Report is located at the front of the financial section of the report.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The College strives for fiscally responsible planning for our immediate and future needs. As the financial operations indicate in the recent Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, we continue to exercise fiscal prudence, to maintain a healthy financial condition and to protect tax dollars in the use of available resources while maintaining our commitment to academic excellence.

The College is in the final year of its current Strategic Plan (2021-2024) which includes six key focus areas: Engaged Learning and Student Success; Leadership, Culture and Communication; Diversity, Equity and Inclusion; Community Engagement; Competitiveness and Innovation; and Resource Management and Fiscal Responsibility. The strategic plan will continue to be integrated into the College's planning and budgeting processes to support student success and institutional growth. The College is currently working on a new strategic plan which is tentatively scheduled to be adopted no later than December 2024.

The College's facilities plan is dynamic and is updated on a regular basis to reflect the most recent assessment of all projects required to address the evolving academic programs and services needed. The College is currently working on a new campus master plan which is tentatively scheduled to be adopted no later than December 2024.

The College has remained flexible to provide services efficiently while maintaining its commitment to students. We are encouraged by the continued dedication of our employees and the Board of Trustees to make the College an excellent place for higher education. Lansing Community College ~ "Where Success Begins".

PROFILE OF THE COLLEGE

The College is a major urban community college, situated on 48 acres, in a nine-city block area in downtown Lansing, Michigan. Founded in 1957, the College is now the eighth largest community college in the state of Michigan. The College currently enrolls more than 13,000 college-credit students each year, and has over 600 full-time and over 900 part-time employees. The College offers classes year-round in a three-semester curriculum. The College offers 232 degree and certificate programs and over 900 courses to match career and workforce development pursuits, transfer curricula, developmental, or special interest needs. Courses are offered in one of three academic divisions: Arts and Sciences; Health and Human Services; and Technical Careers. In addition, the Community Education and Workforce Development division provides community and continuing education and includes the College's Business & Community Institute that provides customized training directly to regional businesses.

In addition to the Downtown Campus, the College operates the West Campus in Delta Township that is home to the Michigan Technical Education Center, the East Campus in East Lansing, the Livingston Center at Parker Campus in Howell, and the Aviation Maintenance Center at the Mason-Jewett Airport in Mason.

The College is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools. The College's accreditation was reaffirmed on June 27, 2016, for ten years. The College is scheduled for an accreditation visit in September 2024.

The following table illustrates the Fall enrollments over the last five years:

<u>Enrollment</u>	FALL 2023	FALL 2022	FALL 2021	FALL 2020	FALL 2019
College (unduplicated head count)	9,207	9,573	10,303	10,306	11,673
Full-time Equivalents	4,924	5,118	5,600	5,783	6,674
Total Credit Hours	80,539	84,161	92,142	93,116	106,100

FINANCIAL PLANNING

As shown in the table below, one of the basic tenets of financial planning at the College is maintaining the affordability of tuition for students. Annual increases are in the 0% to 3% range.

	FY 2024	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020
In-District Tuition Rate (per billing hour)	\$117	\$114	\$114	\$111	\$108
In-District Tuition Increase (per billing hour)	\$3	\$0	\$3	\$3	\$3

With tuition and fees accounting for 28.0% of the general operating revenue mix and few viable options available to diversify revenue sources, the College finds itself with the challenge of balancing: (a) changes in student demand (b) tuition affordability, (c) increasing costs and (d) declining revenue.

The College is well positioned to attract a diverse group of students, with its fiscal year 2025 \$120 indistrict per billing hour rate well below the state average rate of community college in-district tuition of \$137. High potential targets include those who are looking for a less expensive post-secondary education option and those looking to further their education in order to remain competitive in the job market. Additionally, as the price of four-year institutions continues to rise, cost becomes a preeminent concern and the College's value proposition to graduating high school students improves. The College's value is aided by the numerous transfer and articulation agreements the College maintains with four-year institutions in the State of Michigan as well as the partnerships at the College's University Center.

As the financial report shows, we continue to exercise fiscal responsibility of the College's available resources to maintain a healthy financial condition and continue our commitment to academic excellence.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Controls

Management of the College is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to protect the assets of the College, prevent loss from theft or misuse, and to provide that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal controls are designed to provide a reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the College continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Property Taxes

The College's property tax levy per \$1,000 of taxable valuation will remain at 3.7692 mils in 2024 and will impact the College's property tax revenue for FY 2025. The state average for all community colleges was 2.3438 mils in fiscal year 2023.

Capital Project Planning

The pandemic has altered how the College delivers instruction and services to students, and how College employees work. Due to this impact, the College is currently reviewing and updating its Campus Master Plan. This process will determine the future direction of how existing facilities are utilized or are no longer required to fulfill the College's mission. This revised Campus Master Plan will identify potential future capital projects.

MICHIGAN'S ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

Local Economy

Michigan's economy spent the 2000 to 2010 period in recession, largely driven by the same fundamental restructuring that affected manufacturing globally. Michigan's manufacturing sector experienced, and continues to experience, a significant surge in productivity for at least three reasons: 1) there was more room for productivity improvements in the durable goods and motor vehicle manufacturing sectors than in many other sectors; 2) Michigan was, and remains, disproportionately concentrated in motor vehicle manufacturing; and 3) the motor vehicle industry is one of the most competitive sectors of the economy (and, with the burgeoning transition to electric vehicles underway, exhibits perhaps the most flux of any sector in the economy).

The impact of COVID-19 on the Michigan economy was, and continues to be, substantial. Michigan's disproportionately strong participation in a variety of Federal stimulus programs, such as the Federal workshare program, also helped reduce COVID-19-related losses to personal income in Michigan, which helped consumption and employment recover at more rapid rates than otherwise would have occurred. However, Michigan's COVID-19-related job decline was so significant that as of March 2024, Michigan ranked 41st among states in recovering to pre-COVID-19 employment levels.

Forecast Summary

The US economy is expected to grow at stable rates slightly slower than the growth experienced in 2023. Throughout the forecast, Michigan is expected to grow more slowly than the nation as a whole.

In Michigan, job growth is expected to slow even as the growth in inflation-adjusted personal income improves. Economic growth is expected to be slightly stronger for both the national and Michigan economies over the entire forecast. Similarly, employment growth is expected to be slightly stronger, although inflation is also expected to be higher.

Prospects for the Future

State of Michigan FY 2023-24 Revised Revenue Estimate

• General Fund/General Purpose (GF/GP) and School Aid Fund (SAF) revenue is expected to total \$31.8 billion in FY 2023-24. The revised estimate for FY 2023-24 is down 0.1%, or \$44.3 million, from the revenue for FY 2022-23. The projected revenue decrease in FY 2023-24 reflects reductions in business income taxes, lottery, and sales tax, partially offset by increases in personal income tax, use tax, insurance company premiums, and gaming taxes. The revised estimate for FY 2023-24 is \$238.1 million above the January 2024 consensus revenue estimate.

State of Michigan FY 2024-25 Revised Revenue Estimate

• GF/GP and SAF revenue is expected to total over \$32.7 billion in FY 2024-25. The revised estimate for FY 2024-25 is up 2.8%, or \$881.8 million, from the revised estimate for FY 2023-24. The revised estimate for FY 2024-25 is \$334.9 million above the January 2024 consensus revenue estimate.

State of Michigan FY 2025-26 Revised Revenue Estimate

• GF/GP and SAF revenue is expected to total \$33.5 billion in FY 2025-26. This revised estimate for FY 2025-26 is up 2.7%, or \$878.7 million, more than the revised estimate for FY 2024-25. The revised estimate for FY 2025-26 is \$129.2 million above the January 2024 consensus revenue estimate.

Source: MICHIGAN'S ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND BUDGET REVIEW - FY 2023-24, FY 2024-25, and FY 2025-26 May 16, 2024 Senate Fiscal Agency, State of Michigan

OTHER INFORMATION

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the College for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The College has received a Certificate of Achievement for fifteen consecutive years. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The College has received the Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting from the GFOA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The GFOA established the Popular Annual Financial Reporting Awards Program to encourage and assist state and local governments to extract information from their annual comprehensive financial report to produce high quality popular annual financial reports specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public and other interested parties without a background in public finance and then to recognize individual governments that are successful in achieving that goal. The College has received this award for thirteen consecutive years.

The College's Purchasing Department is the recipient of the 2024 Annual Achievement of Excellence in Procurement Award from the National Procurement Institute. The College has received the award for twenty-two consecutive years. The award criteria are designed to measure public procurement best practices in innovation, professionalism, e-procurement, productivity and leadership.

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Rehmann Robson LLC was selected by the College's Board of Trustees. The Independent Auditors' Report on the financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

Acknowledgments

The timely preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Financial Services Division. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Jonald L. Wilske

Donald L. Wilske

Chief Financial Officer

Lansing Community College provides high-quality education ensuring that all students successfully complete their educational goals while developing life skills necessary for them to enrich and support themselves, their families, and their community as engaged global citizens.

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

		Term
<u>Trustee</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Expires</u>
Angela L. Mathews	Chair	2028
Lawrence Hidalgo, Jr.	Vice Chair	2024
LaShunda Thomas	Secretary	2026
Robert E. Proctor	Treasurer	2028
Noel Garcia, Jr.	Trustee	2024
Terrance L. Frazier	Trustee	2024
Samantha Vaive	Trustee	2024

OFFICERS OF THE COLLEGE

<u>Officer</u>	<u>Position</u>
Steve Robinson	President
Sally Welch	Provost/Senior Vice President of Academic Affairs
Seleana Samuel	Senior Vice President of Business Operations
Donald L. Wilske	Chief Financial Officer

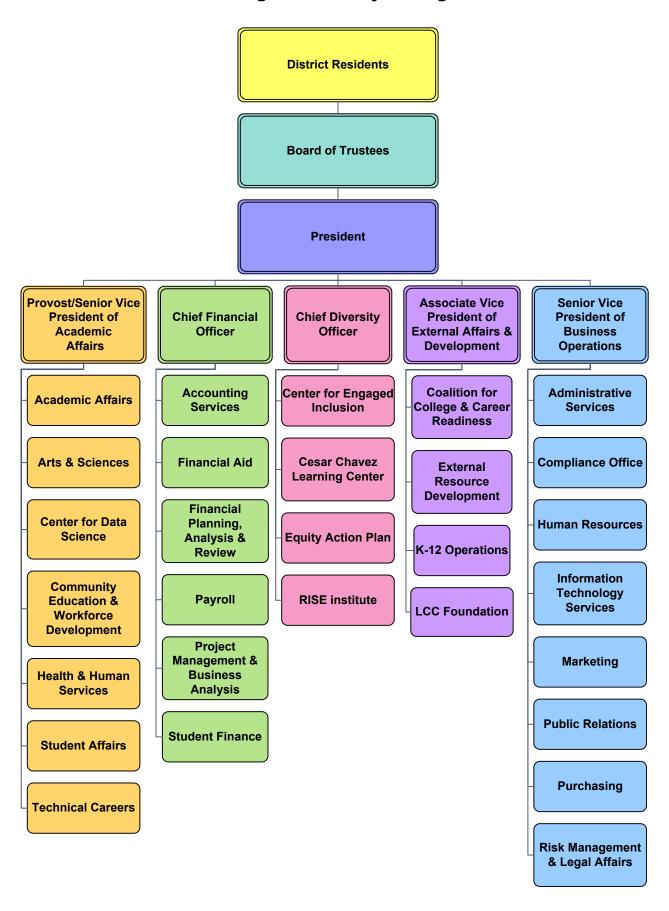
OFFICIALS ISSUING REPORT

<u>Officer</u>	<u>Position</u>
Donald L. Wilske	Chief Financial Officer
Megan L. Garrett	Controller
Francis M. Burch	Associate Controller

DIVISION ISSUING REPORT

Financial Services Division

Lansing Community College





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Lansing Community College Michigan

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Financial Section

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 11, 2024

Board of Trustees Lansing Community College Lansing, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities, and the discretely presented component unit of *Lansing Community College* (the "College"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the College, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. The financial statements of Lansing Community College Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefits plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory, statistical and special reports sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audits of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, under separate cover, our report dated October 11, 2024, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The discussion and analysis of *Lansing Community College's* ("College") financial statements provides an overview of the College's financial activities for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. Management has prepared the fiscal year 2024 and 2023 financial statements and the related footnote disclosures along with the discussion and analysis. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the College's management.

Using this Report

The College's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the following standards.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") released Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments.* Changes in Statement No. 34 require a comprehensive one-line look at the entity as a whole including capitalization and depreciation of assets. In November 1999, GASB issued Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities,* which applies these standards to public colleges and universities. The State of Michigan has adopted these standards and therefore, has revised and issued the *Manual for Uniform Financial Reporting for Michigan Public Community Colleges, 2001.* Subsequent GASB statements, when applicable, have been implemented as well.

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") includes the report of independent auditors, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements in the above referred to format, notes to financial statements, required supplementary information, and additional information.

Component Unit

GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34,* requires that separate legal entities associated with a primary government that meet certain criteria are included with the financial statements of the Primary Reporting Unit.

In compliance with this statement, the Lansing Community College Foundation is reported as a discretely presented component unit of the College and its financial position and financial activities are presented separately from the rest of the College's activities in the Statements of Net Position and Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, in separate columns headed "Component Unit".

Financial Highlights

The College's financial position increased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, with a \$24.2 million increase in total net position. The College's total assets increased \$0.7 million which is attributed to a recording of a net other postemployment benefits asset; an increase in accounts receivable due to more federal and state grants and larger state appropriations in the current fiscal year; a decrease in short-term investments due to operational needs; a decrease in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization due to fewer additions than annual depreciation and amortization expense. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources decreased \$13.9 million and increased \$7.6 million, respectively, due to the necessary adjustments to the deferred pension and OPEB amounts for the College's portion of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System ("MPSERS"); and by a slight decrease in the amortization of the deferred charge on refunding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

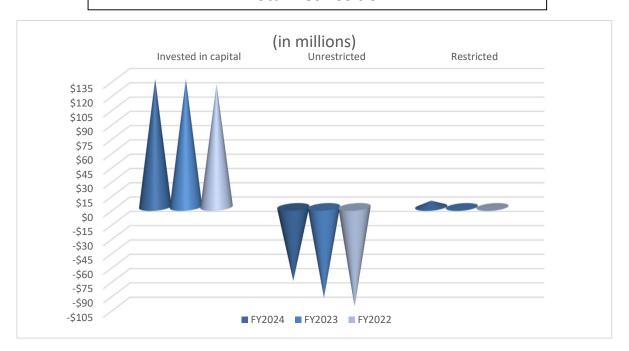
The College's total liabilities decreased \$45.0 million due to the decrease in the net pension and OPEB liabilities of \$38.2 million, a \$6.7 million decrease in debt and lease obligations offset by an increase in subscription obligations of \$0.9 million, and a decrease of \$1.0 million in unearned revenue. The major categories of net position changed, as shown in the graph below. Total net position increased by \$24.2 million, due to an increase in restricted net position of \$6.3 million. Restricted fund activities increased by \$0.1 million, restricted capital projects increased by \$3.6 million due to a one-time state capital appropriation, and there was an increase of \$2.5 million due to recording a net other post-employment benefit asset. There was also an increase in unrestricted net position of \$17.8 million, from (\$95.1) million to (\$77.3) million due to a slight increase in College operations offset by a decrease in the recording of the College's share of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System ("MPSERS") long-term net pension and other postemployment benefits (asset) liability as required by GASB Statements 68, Accounting And Financial Reporting For Pensions, and 75, Accounting And Financial Reporting For Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. While the provisions of GASB 68 and 75 continues to impact total net position, it did not have any impact on the College's cash flows or operating budgets.

The College's financial position increased during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, with a \$14.6 million increase in total net position. The College's total assets decreased \$2.9 million which is attributed to a decrease in cash and cash equivalents and an increase in short-term investments due to reorganizing the investment portfolio as a result of changing market rates; an increase in capital assets from equipment purchases and completion of the parking ramp and other building projects which is offset by a decrease in restricted short-term investments from unspent bond proceeds. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources increased \$30.7 million and decreased \$35.4 million, respectively, due to the necessary adjustments to the deferred pension and OPEB amounts for the College's portion of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System; and by a slight decrease in the amortization of the deferred charge on refunding.

As of June 30, 2023, the College's total liabilities increased \$48.6 million due to the increase in the net pension and OPEB liabilities of \$57.3 million offset by a \$5.8 million decrease in debt, lease and subscription obligations and a decrease of \$2.9 million in other liabilities. The major categories of net position changed, as shown in the graph below. Total net position increased by \$14.6 million, net position invested in capital assets increased by \$5.3 million as a result of an increase of capital assets offset by expending bond proceeds on capital assets and by payments of long-term debt. There was an increase in unrestricted net position of \$9.2 million, from (\$104.3) million to (\$95.1) million due to a slight increase in College operations offset by a decrease in the recording of the College's share of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System ("MPSERS") long-term net pension and other postemployment benefits liability as required by GASB Statements 68, Accounting And Financial Reporting For Pensions, and 75, Accounting And Financial Reporting For Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. While the provisions of GASB 68 and 75 continues to impact total net position, it did not have any impact on the College's cash flows or operating budgets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Total Net Position



Statements of Net Position and Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

One of the most important questions to ask about the College's finances is, "Is Lansing Community College as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statements of Net Position and Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information on the College as a whole and on its activities in a way that helps answer this question.

These two statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector institutions, and all deferred outflows and inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements report Lansing Community College's net position and changes in them. When revenues and other support exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When the reverse occurs, the result is a decrease in net position. The relationship between revenues and expenses may be thought of as Lansing Community College's operating results.

One can think of the College's net position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows - as one way to measure the College's financial health or net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the College's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the College, consideration of many other non-financial factors, such as the trend in College enrollment, student retention, condition of the buildings, and strength of the faculty must be made.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Net Position (in millions) as of June 30:

			Increase						Increase			
			(Decrease)						(De	crease)		
	2	024	2023		2024-2023		2022		2023-2022			
Current and other assets	\$	94.5	\$	92.5	\$	2.0	\$	110.1	\$	(17.6)		
Capital assets, net of												
depreciation and amortization		226.2		230.0		(3.8)		215.3		14.7		
Net OPEB asset		2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	_		2.5				
Total assets		323.2		322.5		0.7		325.4		(2.9)		
Deferred outflows of resources		50.7		64.6		(13.9)		33.9		30.7		
Otherliabilities		17.4		18.4		(1.0)		21.3		(2.9)		
Debt, lease and subscription												
obligations		91.7		97.5		(5.8)		103.3		(5.8)		
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		143.5		181.7		(38.2)		124.4		57.3		
Total liabilities		252.6		297.6		(45.0)		249.0		48.6		
Deferred inflows of resources		57.7		50.1		7.6		85.5		(35.4)		
Net position (deficit)												
Net investment in capital assets		134.3		134.2		0.1		128.9		5.3		
Restricted		6.6		0.3		6.3		0.2		0.1		
Un restricted		(77.3)		(95.1)		17.8		(104.3)		9.2		
Total net position	\$	63.6	\$	39.4	\$	24.2	\$	24.8	\$	14.6		

Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

The College increased its current and other assets by \$2.0 million primarily due to higher accounts receivable and prepaid expenses. Capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization decreased \$3.8 million due to fewer additions of new assets during the year. Other liabilities decreased \$1.0 million due to a reduction in unearned revenue from the Michigan New Jobs Training Program. Debt, lease, and subscription obligations decreased by \$5.8 million due to principal payments made on outstanding bond issues and amortization of lease and subscription obligations. The College's overall net position increased by \$24.2 million. This is due to a number of factors as discussed above in the Financial Highlights section.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

The College decreased its current and other assets by \$17.6 million primarily due to spending the restricted short-term investments from the parking ramp bond proceeds. Capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization increased \$14.7 million due to the purchase of equipment and the completion of the parking ramp project and other building improvement projects. Other liabilities decreased \$2.9 million as a result of multi-year projects being completed during the year. Debt, lease, and subscription obligations decreased by \$5.8 million due to principal payments made on outstanding bond issues and amortization of lease and subscription obligations. The College's overall net position increased by \$14.6 million. This is due to a number of factors as discussed above in the Financial Highlights section.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Operating Results (in millions) for the Years Ended June 30:

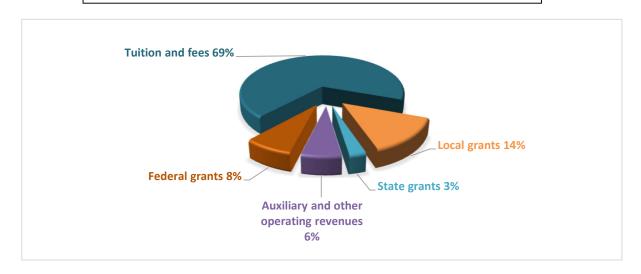
			Increase				
			(Decrease)		(Decrease)		
	2024	2023	2024-2023	2022	2023-2022		
Operating revenues:							
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances)	\$ 27.8	\$ 28.3	\$ (0.5)	\$ 32.0	\$ (3.7)		
Federal grants and contracts	3.2	2.3	0.9	2.4	(0.1)		
State grants and contracts	1.1	1.1	-	0.9	0.2		
Local grants and contracts	5.7	5.2	0.5	5.1	0.1		
Sales and services of auxiliary activities	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.5		
Job training programs	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4	(0.1)		
Miscellaneous	1.2	1.1	0.1	1.0	0.1		
Total operating revenues	40.3	38.9	1.4	41.9	(3.0)		
Operating expenses:							
Instruction	25.5	27.8	(2.3)	27.5	0.3		
Information Technology	10.1	11.5	(1.4)	10.5	1.0		
Public services	2.0	2.3	(0.3)	1.7	0.6		
Instructional support	15.6	15.8	(0.2)	14.7	1.1		
Student services	17.2	15.9	1.3	26.7	(10.8)		
Institutional administration	22.6	25.2	(2.6)	19.9	5.3		
Operation and maintenance of plant	17.0	15.0	2.0	10.7	4.3		
Depreciation and amortization	12.7	12.3	0.4	11.9	0.4		
Total operating expenses	122.7	125.8	(3.1)	123.6	2.2		
Operating loss	(82.4)	(86.9)	4.5	(81.7)	(5.2)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
State appropriations	39.4	36.4	3.0	36.4	-		
Property tax levy	51.6	48.6	3.0	46.3	2.3		
Pell Grant revenue	11.9	10.8	1.1	10.9	(0.1)		
Federal nonoperating grants - CARES/HEERF	-	6.9	(6.9)	16.0	(9.1)		
Other nonoperating expenses - net	0.1	(1.2)	1.3	(3.2)	2.0		
Net nonoperating revenues	103.0	101.5	1.5	106.4	(4.9)		
Change in net position before other revenues	20.6	14.6	6.0	24.7	(10.1)		
Other revenues:							
State capital appropriations	3.6	-	3.6	-	-		
Capital gifts				0.1	(0.1)		
Total other revenues	3.6		3.6	0.1	(0.1)		
Change in net position	24.2	14.6	9.6	24.8	(10.2)		
Net position - beginning of year	39.4	24.8	14.6		24.8		
Net position- end of year	\$ 63.6	\$ 39.4	\$ 24.2	\$ 24.8	\$ 14.6		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

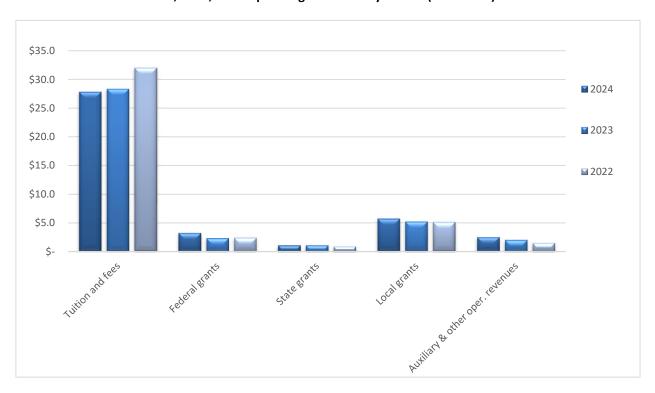
Operating Revenue

Operating revenues include all transactions that result from the sales and/or receipts of goods and services such as tuition and fees. In addition, certain federal, state, and private grants are considered operating revenues if they are considered a contract for services and are not for capital or other purposes.

2024 Operating Revenues by Source



2024, 2023, 2022 Operating Revenues by Source (in millions)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

Operating revenue increased \$1.4 million as the result of the following factors:

- Tuition and fee revenue decreased by \$0.5 million. The decrease is due to lower enrollment than budgeted.
- Federal grants increased by \$0.9 million due primarily to the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) grant for a mobile skills lab and federal funds passed through the State of Michigan for the ADN to BSN grant for the Nursing program.
- Local grants increased \$0.5 million due primarily to increases in Foundation program funding, the Mental Health and Aging program, and additional revenue from high school service agreements.
- Sales of auxiliary activities had a slight increase due to an increase in the College's conference services.
 The jobs training programs increased \$0.3 million from the prior year due to the number of trainings in fiscal year 2024.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

Operating revenue decreased \$3.0 million as the result of the following factors:

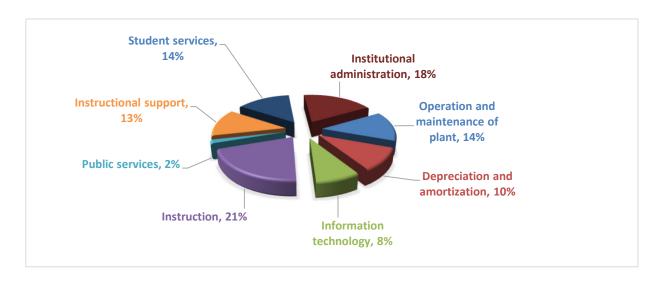
- Tuition and fee revenue decreased by \$3.7 million. The decrease is due to the decrease in enrollment.
- Federal grants decreased by \$0.1 million due primarily to fewer Federal Supplemental Opportunity Grants in fiscal year 2023.
- State and Local grants increased \$0.2 and \$0.1 million, respectively. State grants increased due to an additional wraparound service grant offered to Reconnect and Futures for Frontliner students. Local grants increased due primarily to increases in Foundation, Promise and other external scholarships as well as private personal loans for students.
- Sales of auxiliary activities increased \$0.5 million due to an increase in the College's conference services. The jobs training programs had a slight decrease from the prior year due to the number of trainings in fiscal year 2023.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

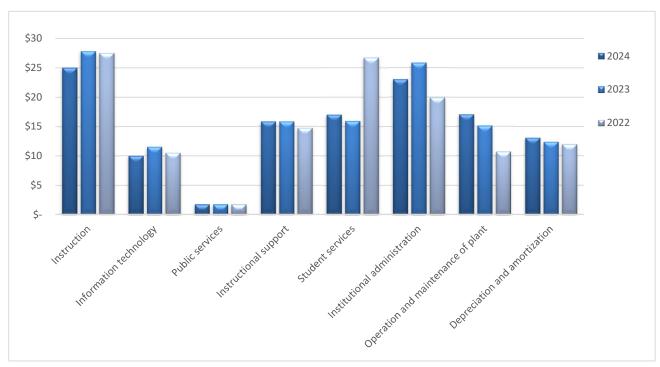
Operating Expenses

Operating expenses are all the costs necessary to perform and conduct the programs and primary purposes of the College.

2024 Operating Expenses by Function



2024, 2023, 2022 Operating Expenses by Function (in millions)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

Total operating expenses decreased \$3.1 million primarily as a result of the following factors:

- Decreases of \$2.3 million and \$0.2 million in instruction and instructional support, respectively, due to reduction of Pension liability.
- Increases of \$1.3 million in student services due to an increase in salaries and benefits as vacant positions have been filled.
- Decreases of \$1.4 million in information technology operating expenses due to a decrease in purchased services, phone service charges, and fewer technical equipment purchases.
- Decreases of \$2.6 million in institutional administration primarily due to a one-time \$4.6 million state appropriation to the College in fiscal year 2023 as additional assets toward the unfunded liability, to be contributed to the retirement system. This is offset by an increase in temporary agency services, legal services and administrative consulting services.
- Increases of \$2.0 million in operation and maintenance of plant primarily due to higher services contract fees, architectural and engineering services for approved projects, and increased utility prices.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

Total operating expenses increased \$2.2 million primarily as a result of the following factors:

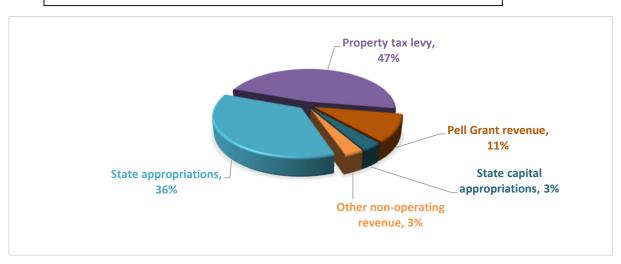
- Increases of \$0.3 million and \$1.1 million in instruction and instructional support, respectively, due to increases in wages and benefits, and also an increase in travel, training and conference expenses as more conferences are now delivered in person rather than virtual.
- Decreases of \$10.8 million in student services due to the final HEERF student grants being issued in fiscal year 2022 in the amount of \$12.2 million, offset by increases in wages and benefits and an increase in institutional scholarships awarded in fiscal year 2023.
- Increases of \$1.0 million in information technology operating expenses due to an increase in purchased services and a slight increase in wage and benefit expenses.
- Increases of \$5.3 million in institutional administration primarily due to a one-time \$4.6 million state
 appropriation to the College as additional assets toward the unfunded liability, to be contributed to the
 retirement system. In addition, wages and benefits saw an increase, as did conference services event
 expenses.
- Increases of \$4.3 million in operation and maintenance of plant primarily due to the prior year expense reduction on the 2012 bond refunding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

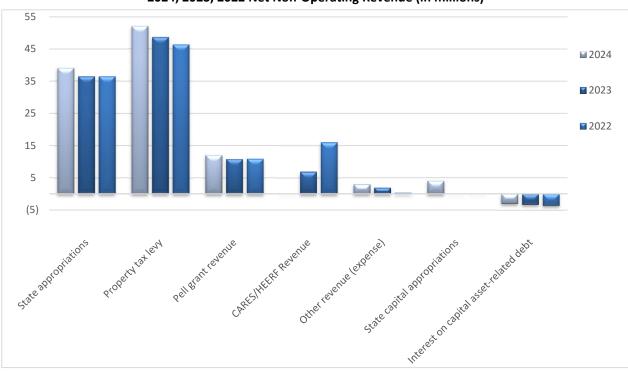
Non-Operating Revenues

Non-operating revenues consist primarily of state appropriations, property tax revenue, Pell Grant, federal non-operating grants revenue, and other revenue.

2024 Non-Operating & Other Revenue



2024, 2023, 2022 Net Non-Operating Revenue (in millions)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

Total net non-operating revenues increased \$1.5 million. This increase was due to higher appropriations attributed to Pension and OPEB, higher property taxes due to increased taxable value, an increase in Pell grants, and higher investment returns. This is offset by all HEERF grants being expended in fiscal year 2023. Other revenues increased by \$3.6 million due to a one-time State of Michigan appropriation for Information, Technology, Equipment and Maintenance (ITEM) funding.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

Total net non-operating revenues decreased \$4.9 million. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease of HEERF funds as the grant was closed out in fiscal year 2023. This was offset by an increase in Property Tax Levy of \$2.3 million due to increased taxable values, increases of \$1.7 million in investment returns due to increasing interest rates, and reductions of interest on capital asset-related debt of \$0.2 million.

Statement of Cash Flows

Another way to assess the financial health of a college is to look at the statement of cash flows. Its primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of an entity during a designated period. The statement of cash flows also helps users assess the College's:

- Ability to generate future net cash flows
- Ability to meet its obligations as they come due
- · Needs for external financing

Cash flows (in millions) for the years ended June 30:

	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease) 2024-2023	2022	(D	ncrease ecrease) 023-2022
Cash provided (used by):						
Operating activities	\$ (92.8)	\$ (85.7)	\$ (7.1)	\$ (88.2)	\$	2.5
Noncapital financing activities Capital and related	102.1	102.3	(0.2)	109.4		(7.1)
financing activities	(13.8)	(35.7)	21.9	(35.0)		(0.7)
Investing activities	 5.1	11.7	(6.6)	4.1		7.6
Net increase (decrease) in cash	0.6	(7.4)	8.0	(9.7)		2.3
Cash, beginning of year	7.8	15.2	(7.4)	 24.9		(9.7)
Cash, end of year	\$ 8.4	\$ 7.8	\$ 0.6	\$ 15.2	\$	(7.4)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

The College's cash and cash equivalents increased slightly by \$0.6 million during 2024 due to a number of offsetting factors in each of the following 4 categories:

- Operating activities used \$7.1 million more primarily due to increases in payments to and on behalf of
 employees as vacant positions were filled, increases in employer retirement payments and decreases in
 cash for tuition and fees. This is offset by decreases in payments to suppliers and students and increases in
 auxiliary services and other income.
- Noncapital financing activities decreased slightly by \$0.2 million due to the federal HEERF funds being expended in fiscal year 2023, which is offset by increases in property taxes, state appropriations and Pell grants of \$2.9 million, \$2.7 million and \$1.1 million, respectively.
- Capital and related financing activities used \$21.9 million less primarily due to fewer capital equipment purchased and the completion of major capital projects in fiscal year 2023, plus receipt of \$3.6 million in state capital appropriations during fiscal 2024.
- Investing activities provided \$6.6 million less due to investing activities throughout the year that resulted in less sale and maturities of investments of \$36.9 million coupled with \$30.3 million less in purchase of investments.

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

The College's cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$7.4 million during 2023 due to a number of offsetting factors in each of the following 4 categories:

- Operating activities used \$2.5 million less primarily due to decreases in tuition and fee receipts and decreases in payments to suppliers, students and employees.
- Noncapital financing activities decreased \$7.1 million due to decreases in federal HEERF Act funds of \$9.2 million offset by increases in property taxes of \$2.3 million.
- Capital and related financing activities used \$0.7 million more primarily due to the implementation of GASB 96 and additional lease asset in fiscal year 2023.
- Investing activities provided \$7.6 million more due to investing activities throughout the year that resulted
 in less sale and maturities of investments of \$31.9 million coupled with \$39.5 million less in purchase of
 investments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets at Net Book Value as of June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 are shown below (in millions):

		2024		2023	Increase (Decrease) 2024-2023		2022	(Deci	rease rease) -2022
Land	\$	15.2	\$	15.2	\$ -	\$	15.2	\$	
Construction in progress	Ą	0.4	Ą	0.3	0.1	Ą	32.8	Ą	- (32.5)
Buildings and		0.4		0.5	0.1		32.0		(32.3)
improvements		296.2		295.0	1.2		242.3		52.7
Furniture, fixtures and							_		
equipment		104.8		101.7	3.1		100.0		1.7
Infrastructure and land					-				
improvements		7.8		7.7	0.1		5.3		2.4
Subscription-based IT									
assets		8.9		6.7	2.2		4.9		1.8
Lease assets		2.8		2.8			2.3		0.5
Total capital assets		436.1		429.4	6.7		402.8		26.6
Less accumulated									
depreciation/amortization		209.9		199.4	10.5		187.6		11.8
Capital assets, net	\$	226.2	\$	230.0	\$ (3.8)	\$	215.2	\$	14.8

Fiscal Year 2024 Compared to 2023

As of June 30, 2024, the College had \$436.1 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization of \$209.9 million, resulting in \$226.2 million in net capital assets. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, right to use lease assets, right to use subscription-based information technology assets and construction in progress. The total decrease in the College's net capital assets for the 2024 fiscal year is \$3.8 million. Annual depreciation and amortization for fiscal 2024 was \$12.7 million, which was offset by additions of \$8.8 million primarily due to \$3.1 million in equipment purchases, \$4.2 million in subscription-based information technology assets and \$1.4 million in construction in progress. There were \$2.2 million in disposals mainly attributable to subscription-based information technology agreements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year 2023 Compared to 2022

As of June 30, 2023, the College had \$429.4 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization of \$199.4 million, resulting in \$230.0 million in net capital assets. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, right to use lease assets, right to use subscription-based information technology assets and construction in progress. The total increase in the College's net capital assets for the 2023 fiscal year is \$14.8 million. Annual depreciation and amortization for fiscal 2023 was \$12.3 million, which was offset by additions of \$27.1 million primarily due to the final construction of the Gannon parking ramp of which was \$12.8 million, \$6.9 million in HVAC upgrades, and \$1.8 million in instructional equipment.

For more detailed information of capital assets activity, refer to Note 4, Capital Assets, within the notes to the financial statements section of this document.

Long-Term Debt Obligations as of June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 are shown below (in millions):

	2024		(Decrease		Increase Decrease) 024-2023	2022		(1	Increase Decrease) 023-2022
2015 refunding bonds	\$	1.3	\$ 2.5	\$	(1.2)	\$	3.3	\$	(0.8)
2016 refunding bonds		1.7	2.6		(0.9)		3.4		(0.8)
2017 building & site bonds									-
(including premium)		27.7	28.3		(0.6)		28.8		(0.5)
2019 building & site bonds									-
(including premium)		40.8	41.8		(1.0)		42.8		(1.0)
2022 refunding bonds		15.5	17.8		(2.3)		20.1		(2.3)
Total long-term debt Less current portion of		87.0	93.0		(6.0)		98.4		(5.4)
long-term debt		(5.0)	(5.1)		0.1		(5.0)		(0.1)
iong term dest		(5.0)	 (0.1)				(5.0)		(0.1)
Current portion	\$	82.0	\$ 87.9	\$	(5.9)	\$	93.4	\$	(5.5)

At fiscal year-end in 2024, the College had \$87.0 million in outstanding debt which included five outstanding bond issues. In February 2022, the College issued \$20.1 million in bonds to pay off the 2012 bond issue. The 2022 refunding bonds will be paid off in May 2032. In October 2019, the College issued new building and site bonds. The 2019 bond will be paid off in May 2049. The December 2017 bond issue refunded a portion of the 2012 bonds and included new funding for approved capital projects. The 2017 bond will be paid off in May 2037. The 2015 refunding bonds issued in May 2016 were to pay off the 2006 bond issue. The 2016 refunding bonds issued in May 2017 were to pay off the 2007 bond issue. Both the 2015 and 2016 refunding bonds will be paid off in May 2026.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For more detailed information on debt activity, refer to Note 6, Long-term Debt Obligations; for detailed information on lease obligations, refer to Note 9, Leases; for detailed information on subscription obligations, refer to Note 10, Subscription-Based Information Technology Agreements, within the notes to financial statements section of this document.

Economic Factors That Will Affect the Future

In fiscal year 2002, Lansing Community College received more than \$32 million in state appropriations. Since that time, Michigan community colleges have experienced a continued decrease in state appropriations until fiscal year 2013. Beginning in fiscal year 2013, appropriations to community colleges began to increase. The amount received from the State of Michigan for community college operating appropriations in fiscal year 2024 was \$35.7 million. The state legislature continues to review the funding formula and process for determining appropriations for Michigan community colleges. The level of future funding to Lansing Community College may be adversely impacted by some proposed funding models.

The Coronavirus pandemic has significantly impacted the way the College teaches and works. A return to campus by students and employees began in Fall 2021 with increases to in-person classes and student support services provided. Enrollment levels had been declining since the onset of the pandemic. Fiscal year 2024 still saw a decrease in Fall 2023, but enrollment has since seen an increase in Summer and Fall 2024. The pandemic has altered the historical higher education relationship between the economy and college enrollment, especially in community colleges. The College continues to actively monitor its enrollment levels and develop new strategies to increase enrollment.

During 2024 and 2025, the US economy is expected to continue to exhibit growth but at a slower rate, and Michigan will grow at a slower rate than the US. Economic growth is forecasted to be slightly stronger in 2025 in both the US and Michigan although inflation is expected to be higher. The US unemployment rate and the Michigan rate are at 4.3% and 4.4%, respectively, however the Lansing, MI area has a slightly higher rate at 5.1%.

Property tax revenue to the College increased again in 2024 due to the impact of higher taxable values. Lansing Community College ranks 10th out of Michigan's 28 community colleges in terms of taxable value per Fiscal Year Equated Student (FYES). Property tax revenue is projected to continue with an increase in the subsequent fiscal year with continued increases in property values. Community colleges are currently receiving personal property tax replacement disbursements from the State's Local Community Stabilization Authority. The College received \$1.0 million in fiscal year 2024 as compared to \$0.6 million in fiscal year 2023.

The College faces continued increases in benefit costs. The College is required to contribute the full actuarial funding contribution amount to fund pension benefits, plus an additional amount to fund retiree healthcare benefits on a cash disbursement basis. The contribution requirements of plan members and the College are established by Michigan statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature. The rates for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 as a percentage of payroll ranged from 37.85 to 48.23 and 37.61 to 44.88 percent, respectively. The rates for the upcoming State fiscal year starting October 1, 2024 range from 37.98 to 48.38 percent.

The College budgets approximately \$45.7 million in salaries and wages for General Fund employees who participate in MPSERS, therefore, each 1% increase in contribution rate equates to approximately \$457 thousand more in retirement contribution costs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Contacting the College's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the College's finances and to demonstrate the College's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Financial Services, Lansing Community College, 309 N. Washington Square, Suite 203, Lansing, Michigan 48933.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024 AND JUNE 30, 2023

	Primary Government - College 2024	Primary Government - College 2023	Component Unit - Foundation 2024	Component Unit - Foundation 2023
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,458,221	\$ 7,793,245	\$ 695,043	\$ 835,080
Short-term investments	67,808,607	69,612,685	437,104	414,272
Property taxes receivable, net	1,038,856	921,386	-	-
State appropriations receivable	8,453,602	7,800,914	-	-
Accounts receivable, net	2,309,470	1,886,919	-	-
Federal and state grants receivable	3,076,276	2,100,988	-	-
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,312,350	2,328,855	23,066	23,066
Promises to give	-	-	11,000	5,000
Due from component unit	16,196	17,419	-	-
Total current assets	94,473,578	92,462,411	1,166,213	1,277,418
Noncurrent assets				
Promises to give, net of current portion	-	=	36,998	5,000
Long-term investments	-	=	20,777,206	18,158,633
Capital assets not being depreciated	15,504,547	15,448,821	-	-
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	210,655,699	214,592,398	-	-
Net other postemployment benefits asset (Note 7)	2,549,473	<u> </u>		
Total noncurrent assets	228,709,719	230,041,219	20,814,204	18,163,633
Total assets	323,183,297	322,503,630	21,980,417	19,441,051
		-		
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	1,455,068	1,636,952	-	-
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts (Note 7)	49,257,467	62,959,003		
Total deferred outflows of resources	50,712,535	64,595,955	-	-
	<u> </u>			
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	3,252,133	4,079,625	11,209	7,853
Due to primary government	-	-	16,196	17,419
Accrued payroll and other compensation	7,382,068	6,533,142	-	-
Accrued vacation	2,417,714	2,420,592	-	_
Accrued interest payable	500,155	523,263	-	_
Unearned revenue	3,880,502	4,899,054	=	-
Current portion of subscription obligations	1,758,549	1,856,722	=	-
Current portion of lease obligations	430,358	678,425	=	-
Current portion of debt obligations	5,060,000	5,150,000	-	-
Total current liabilities	24,681,479	26,140,823	27,405	25,272
		· · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	<u> </u>
Noncurrent liabilities				
Long-term subscription obligations, net of current portion	2,147,172	1,179,548	-	-
Long-term lease obligations, net of current portion	308,471	738,829	-	-
Long-term debt obligations, net of current portion	81,978,054	87,872,880	-	-
Net pension liability (Note 7)	143,514,579	172,006,584	-	-
Net other postemployment benefits liability (Note 7)		9,674,482		
Total noncurrent liabilities	227,948,276	271,472,323		
Total liabilities	252,629,755	297,613,146	27,405	25,272
		·	·	
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts (Note 7)	57,664,686	50,093,271		
Net position (deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets (Note 11)	134,261,628	134,201,767	_	_
Restricted:		,,		
Restricted fund activities	457,988	290,710	_	_
Capital projects	3,593,200		_	_
Net other postemployment benefits asset	2,549,473	-	-	-
Nonexpendable - endowments		-	12,863,472	12,446,135
Expendable - endowments, scholarships, and grants	-	-	8,496,277	6,638,692
Unrestricted (deficit) (Note 12)	(77,260,898)	(95,099,309)	593,263	330,952
	·	_		
Total net position	\$ 63,601,391	\$ 39,393,168	\$ 21,953,012	\$ 19,415,779

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND JUNE 30, 2023

	Primary Government - College 2024	Primary Government - College 2023	Component Unit - Foundation 2024	Component Unit - Foundation 2023
Operating revenues Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$12,064,658 and \$11,820,183 in 2024 and 2023, respectively) Federal grants and contracts	\$ 27,747,591 3,165,124	\$ 28,244,619 2,330,319	\$ -	\$ -
State grants and contracts Local grants and contracts Sales and services of auxiliary activities Job training programs Miscellaneous	1,095,953 5,744,225 737,500 625,118 1,216,400	1,123,058 5,218,227 647,208 336,677 1,054,683		- - - -
Total operating revenues	40,331,911	38,954,791		
Operating expenses Instruction Information technology Public services Instructional support Student services Institutional administration	25,458,212 10,078,619 2,043,228 15,615,571 17,219,840 22,627,744	27,760,429 11,550,898 2,255,067 15,801,341 15,863,662 25,248,298	- - - -	- - - - -
Operation and maintenance of plant Depreciation and amortization Foundation operations and fundraising	17,037,809 12,660,243	15,061,929 12,289,152	- - 746,589	747,241
Total operating expenses	122,741,266	125,830,776	746,589	747,241
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) State appropriations Property tax levy Pell Grant revenue Federal nonoperating grants - HEERF Investment return and other gains Interest on capital asset-related debt Gifts Payments to primary government	39,478,637 51,553,499 11,854,667 - 3,312,337 (3,174,762)	36,381,429 48,618,027 10,819,567 6,870,966 2,040,154 (3,278,290)	(746,589) 2,379,633 - 1,171,806 (734,004)	(747,241) 1,770,846 - 1,070,817 (630,278)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	103,024,378	101,451,853	2,817,435	2,211,385
Change in net position before other revenues	20,615,023	14,575,868	2,070,846	1,464,144
Other revenues State capital approriations Additions to permanent endowment funds	3,593,200 	- -	- 466,387	- 495,336
Total other revenues	3,593,200		466,387	495,336
Change in net position	24,208,223	14,575,868	2,537,233	1,959,480
Net position, beginning of year	39,393,168	24,817,300	19,415,779	17,456,299
Net position, end of year	\$ 63,601,391	\$ 39,393,168	\$ 21,953,012	\$ 19,415,779

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND JUNE 30, 2023

	Primary Government - College 2024	Primary Government - College 2023
Cash flows from operating activities		
Tuition and fees	\$ 26,307,711	\$ 28,704,246
Grants and contracts	9,030,014	9,786,704
Payments to suppliers and students	(20,932,720)	(29,215,155)
Payments to or on behalf of employees	(110,520,716)	(97,398,785)
Auxiliary enterprise charges	1,251,327	753,040
Other	2,069,214	1,676,970
Net cash used in operating activities	(92,795,170)	(85,692,980)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Local property taxes	51,436,029	48,500,757
Pell Grant receipts	11,854,667	10,819,567
Federal nonoperating grants - HEERF	-	6,870,966
William D. Ford direct lending receipts	10,774,814	10,425,374
William D. Ford direct lending disbursements	(10,774,814)	(10,425,374)
State scholarship and grant receipts	6,655,888	4,704,064
State scholarship and grant disbursements	(6,655,888)	(4,704,064)
State appropriations	38,825,949	36,128,667
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	102,116,645	102,319,957
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchase of capital assets	(4,675,974)	(24,543,637)
State capital appropriations	3,593,200	-
Principal paid on subscriptions	(3,245,834)	(2,278,537)
Principal paid on leases	(678,425)	(646,044)
Principal paid on capital debt	(5,580,000)	(5,025,000)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	11,989	26,424
Interest paid on capital asset-related debt, subscriptions and leases	(3,197,870)	(3,299,195)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(13,772,914)	(35,765,989)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	73,260,849	110,216,697
Interest on investments and other gains	116,415	118,264
Purchases of investments	(68,260,849)	(98,596,697)
Net cash provided by investing activities	5,116,415	11,738,264
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	664,976	(7,400,748)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	7,793,245	15,193,993
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 8,458,221	\$ 7,793,245

Noncash activity in fiscal 2024 and 2023 for the subscription-based information technology assets and lease asset acquisition and related liability was \$0 and \$533,583 for leases and \$4,115,285 and \$2,024,422 for subscriptions, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND JUNE 30, 2023

	Primary Government - College 2024	Primary Government - College 2023
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Operating loss	\$ (82,409,355)	\$ (86,875,985)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	, , , , ,	, , , , ,
net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	12,660,243	12,289,152
Amortization of bond premium	(404,826)	(404,826)
Net change in loss on refunding	181,884	181,884
(Increase) decrease in operating assets and deferred outflows		
Accounts receivable, net	(421,328)	(170,516)
Federal and state grants receivable	(975,288)	1,115,100
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(983,495)	(8,625)
Change in deferred outflows for pension and OPEB amounts	13,701,536	(30,877,845)
Change in net OPEB asset	(2,549,473)	-
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities and deferred inflows		
Accounts payable	(827,492)	(2,562,382)
Accrued payroll and other compensation	848,926	(998,325)
Accrued vacation	(2,878)	135,600
Unearned revenue	(1,018,552)	630,143
Change in deferred inflows for pension and OPEB amounts	7,571,415	(35,415,226)
Change in net pension and OPEB liability	(38,166,487)	57,268,871
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (92,795,170)	\$ (85,692,980)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of *Lansing Community College* (the "College") have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applicable to public colleges and universities as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 35 and the *Manual for Uniform Financial Reporting—Michigan Public Community Colleges* (the "MUFR"). The College follows the "business-type" activities model of GASB Statement No. 35. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. The College's functional expense classifications are in accordance with the guidance in the MUFR.

Reporting Entity

Lansing Community College is a Michigan community college with its main campus located in Lansing, Michigan. The College is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of seven members.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the GASB for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the College. Based on application of the criteria, the College has determined that Lansing Community College Foundation ("Foundation") meets the criteria of a component unit.

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Foundation acts primarily as a fundraising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. The board of the Foundation is self-perpetuating and consists of friends of the College. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources or income thereon that the Foundation holds and invests, are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the College and is discretely presented in the College's financial statements. The College provides certain support and facilities to the Foundation.

During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Foundation distributed \$734,004 and \$630,278, respectively, to the College for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Complete financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting standards established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board for the Foundation can be obtained from the Administrative Office at 309 N. Washington, Suite 203, Lansing, Michigan, 48933.

Significant accounting policies followed by Lansing Community College are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred, and certain measurement and matching criteria are met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits in banks, cash on hand, and highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less.

Investments

College investments must conform to State statutes governing investment of public funds and are limited to allowable investments as stated in the statute. College investments held at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023 include Insured Cash Sweep Account ("ICS"), Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service ("CDARS"), and Money Market Funds. All of these types of investments are recorded at the initial investment amount plus earned interest. The College also participates in an external investment pool with the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund ("MILAF"). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the College's shares of the MILAF Term investments are recorded at fair value and measured at net asset value, and the MILAF Plus is carried at amortized cost. All of the College's investments are classified as short or long term investments based on the instrument's maturity date.

College investments recorded at fair value are determined by using quoted market prices. Realized and unrealized gains and losses from the securities in the investment accounts are allocated monthly based on the relationship of the estimated market value of each account to the total market value of the investment accounts, as adjusted for additions to or deductions from those accounts.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants in the market in which the reporting entity transacts such sales or transfers based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Assumptions are developed based on prioritizing information within a fair value hierarchy that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (level 3).

A description of each category in the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- <u>Level 1</u>: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets.
- <u>Level 2</u>: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.
- Level 3: Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect the estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For a further discussion of fair value measurements, refer to Note 2 to the financial statements.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a provision for bad debt expense when necessary and an adjustment to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related assets. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and improvements	40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Infrastructure and improvements	10 - 20 years
Subscription-based of information technology assets	2 - 7 years
Lease assets	2 - 15 years

Buildings and major building improvements are depreciated using a 10% salvage value. The College's capitalization policy is to capitalize buildings/improvements exceeding \$150,000 and all other individual items exceeding \$5,000.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, internally generated software costs have been recorded as an intangible asset and are included within the Infrastructure and improvements caption in Note 4.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the College records any noncancelable lease as a right to use asset that spans more than 12 months and exceeds \$150,000 over the life of the lease. Additional information can be found in Note 4.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements, the College records any noncancelable arrangement as a right to use asset that spans more than 12 months and exceeds a cost of \$5,000 per year in the agreement. Additional information can be found in Note 4.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Expenses, such as insurance premiums, that are expected to be of benefit within the next fiscal year are included in prepaid expenses. Deposits paid for equipment not yet received are included in other assets.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The College reports a deferred outflow of resources for its deferred charge on refunding, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This deferred outflow is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding bonds. The College also reports deferred outflows of resources for certain pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) related amounts. More detailed information can be found in Note 7.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The College reports deferred inflows of resources for certain pension and OPEB related amounts. More detailed information can be found in Note 7.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Revenue and Expense Recognition

Operating revenues of the College consist of tuition and fees, grants and contracts, sales and services of educational activities and auxiliary enterprise revenues. Transactions related to capital and financing activities, noncapital financing activities, investing activities, State appropriations, property taxes, other non-exchange government grants, and Pell Grant revenue are components of nonoperating and other revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses. For financial reporting purposes, restricted resources are deemed to be utilized first when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to satisfy an expense.

Revenues received prior to year-end that are related to the next fiscal period are recorded as unearned revenues. Unearned revenue relates primarily to student tuition and fees on the summer semester and student deposits. The 2024 summer semester began May 13, 2024 and ended August 9, 2024. The 2023 summer semester began May 15, 2023 and ended August 8, 2023.

Property Tax Levy

Property taxes levied by the College are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the College. The taxes are levied as of July 1 and December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are September 14 and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they are determined to be collectible. Property taxes receivable are recorded net of an allowance for uncollectible. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College levied 3.7692 mills per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general operations.

State Appropriations Revenue

State appropriations revenue has been recorded in accordance with the MUFR. During fiscal year 2023, the State of Michigan issued amendment PA3 in March 2023 that included a one-time distribution to the College of \$4.6 million as additional assets being contributed to the retirement system's unfunded liability. The College received no such additional funds during fiscal year 2024.

Internal Service Activities

Both revenue and expenses related to internal service activities including print shops, office equipment, maintenance, telecommunications, and institutional services have been eliminated.

Accrued Vacation

Accrued vacation represents the accumulated liability to be paid under the College's vacation pay policy. Under the College's policy, employees earn vacation time based on time of service with the College and must use their accrued vacation within one year or it is forfeited. Accordingly, the entire accrued vacation balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 is classified as a current liability in the accompanying statements of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Long-Term Obligations

In the College's financial statements, long-term lease obligations, long-term subscription obligations and long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities on the statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method.

Leases

The College has noncancelable leases for grounds and buildings. The College recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset (lease asset) in the financial statements. The College recognizes lease liabilities with an initial individual value of \$150,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the College initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the College determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The College uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the College generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price (if applicable) that the College is reasonably certain to exercise.

The College monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and lease liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

The College has noncancelable subscription-based information technology agreements. These agreements are recognized with a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset in the financial statements. The College recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial value of at least a cost of \$5,000 per year in the agreement.

At the commencement of a subscription, the College initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of the subscription payments made. The asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Key estimates and judgements related to subscriptions include how the College determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments. The College uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the College generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for subscriptions. The subscription term includes the noncancelable period of the subscription. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price (if applicable) that the College is reasonably certain to exercise.

The College monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and subscription liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Sabbatical Leaves

In accordance with the collective bargaining agreement between the College and its faculty, the College grants sabbatical leaves to various full-time instructors. The leaves are granted to enhance the professional competence of the instructors, who are required to return to the College for a period of one year. Compensation is recorded as an expense in the fiscal year that the leave is taken.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts. Significant estimates include net pension and OPEB (assets) liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows related to pension and OPEB amounts.

Foundation Reporting

The Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 958 regarding financial reporting for not-for-profit entities. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting for these differences.

Reclassification

Certain amounts as reported in the 2023 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2024 presentation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposit and investment amounts are reported in the statements of net position at June 30 as follows:

Type of Deposit and Investment	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,458,221	\$ 7,793,245
Short-term investments by fair value level:		
Insured Cash Sweep (ICS) Account	1,357,803	6,283,839
Certificate of Deposit Account Registry		
Service (CDARS)	25,499,037	19,477,643
Money Market Funds	19,113,182	18,146,400
Total short-term investments	_	_
by fair value level	45,970,022	43,907,882
Short-term investments measured at net		
asset value (NAV):		
MILAF Term	10,000,000	8,000,000
Short-term investments carried at amortized cost:	_	 _
Michigan Liquid Asset Fund Plus (MILAF) –		
Money Market Mutual Funds	11,838,585	 17,704,803
Total short-term investments	67,808,607	69,612,685
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 76,266,828	\$ 77,405,930

The MILAF Plus portfolio has a Standard & Poor's AAAm stable rating. The MILAF Term portfolio has a Fitch's AAAf rating.

Fair Value Measurements

The following is a description of the valuation methodology used for assets recorded at fair value. The description includes an indication of the level of the fair value hierarchy in which the assets are classified.

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share. The College holds shares in the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF) Term Series whereby the fair value of the investment is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient.

The net asset value of the College's investment in the MILAF Term Series was \$10,000,000 and \$8,000,000 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The investment pool has no unfunded commitments and requires a minimum investment of \$100,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MILAF Term Series provides a fixed rate, fixed-term investment with a minimum maturity of 60 days and a maximum maturity of one year. The pool allows the College to set a specific redemption date upon initiation of the investment. Early redemptions are permitted; however, an early redemption fee would apply. The investment pool includes investments which the College does not control.

The investment pool invests primarily in high quality money market instruments, including certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and U.S. government and agency obligations, to protect the investment principal and provide liquidity.

The College has only level 1 issues as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The College has investments with the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

2024	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Total
ICS & CDARS Money Market Subtotal	\$ 26,856,840 19,113,182 45,970,022	\$	- - -	\$ - -	- <u>{</u>	\$ 26,856,840 19,113,182 45,970,022
Investments measured at NAV: MILAF - Term						10,000,000
Total Investments at fair value	\$ 45,970,022	\$	_	\$ 	<u>. </u>	\$ 55,970,022
2023	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		Total
ICS & CDARS	\$ 25,761,482	\$	-	\$ -	- (\$ 25,761,482
Money Market	 18,146,400		<u>-</u>	 -		18,146,400
Money Market Subtotal Investments measured at NAV: MILAF - Term	 18,146,400 43,907,882	-	-	-	<u> </u>	18,146,400 43,907,882 8,000,000

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the College will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates by: structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the College's cash requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The College's investments have scheduled maturities as follows as of June 30:

2024	Less Than One Year	One to Five Years	Total
ICS & CDARS Money Market MILAF Term	\$ 26,856,840 30,951,767 10,000,000	\$ - - -	\$ 26,856,840 30,951,767 10,000,000
Total Investments	\$ 67,808,607	\$ -	\$ 67,808,607
2023	Less Than One Year	One to Five Years	Total
ICS & CDARS Money Market MILAF Term	\$ 25,761,482 35,851,203 8,000,000	\$ - -	\$ 25,761,482 35,851,203 8,000,000
Total Investments	\$ 69,612,685	\$ -	\$ 69,612,685

Credit risk. State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO). The College does not allow direct investment in corporate bonds and does not hold investment in commercial paper.

Concentration of credit risk. The College minimizes concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the College's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

No more than \$20,000,000 shall be invested in any of the following:

- 1. The certificates of deposit, savings accounts, or share certificates of any one financial institution.
- 2. The bankers' acceptances of any one bank.
- 3. The commercial paper of any one issuer.

Investments in commercial paper rated prime 1, certificates of deposit, savings accounts, share certificates, or bankers' acceptances may not exceed 5% of the issuer's net worth at the time of purchase by the College. Investments in commercial paper rated prime 2 may not exceed 3% of the issuer's net worth at the time of purchase by the College.

The investment officer will attempt to match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements to prevent the need to sell securities before maturation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank or financial institution failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it because the deposits were uninsured and uncollateralized. It is the policy of the College to minimize custodial credit risk whenever possible. At June 30, 2024, \$40,951,767 of the College's bank balance of \$77,543,835 was uninsured or uncollateralized. At June 30, 2023, \$43,851,203 of the College's bank balance of \$78,117,675 was uninsured or uncollateralized. The College does have over approximately \$25,000,000 and \$20,000,000 in CDARS as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. That investment vehicle collateralizes the College's balances by spreading certificates of deposit across multiple banks in insured values.

Custodial credit risk - investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The College will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer by: limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the College will do business.

Foreign currency risk. The College is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

3. PROPERTY TAXES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Property taxes receivable, net at June 30 consists of the following:

Property Taxes	2024	2023
Property taxes receivable Less allowance for doubtful collection	\$ 5,574,406 (4,535,550)	\$ 4,650,301 (3,728,915)
Property taxes receivable, net	\$ 1,038,856	\$ 921,386

Accounts receivable, net at June 30 consists of the following:

Accounts Receivable	2024	2023
Accounts receivable Less allowance for doubtful collection	\$ 7,072,095 (4,762,625)	\$ 5,948,648 (4,061,729)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 2,309,470	\$ 1,886,919

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 follows:

Capital Asset Activity	Beginning Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Transfers / Deletions	Ending Balance June 30, 2024
Assets and being decreased at				
Assets not being depreciated:	ć 45.447.064	¢	¢.	45.447.064
Land	\$ 15,147,861	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,147,861
Construction in progress	300,960	1,417,531	(1,361,805)	356,686
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	15,448,821	1,417,531	(1,361,805)	15,504,547
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	294,999,860	-	1,210,383	296,210,243
Furniture and equipment	101,714,884	3,094,905	(838)	104,808,951
Infrastructure and improvements	7,705,341	52,548	-	7,757,889
Lease assets - ground	453,161	-	-	453,161
Lease assets - buildings	2,388,169	-	-	2,388,169
Subscription-based information				
technology right-to-use assets	6,758,771	4,240,467	(2,066,874)	8,932,364
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized	414,020,186	7,387,920	(857,329)	420,550,777
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Buildings and improvements	96,201,484	6,906,148	-	103,107,632
Furniture and equipment	93,523,057	2,431,622	(126,079)	95,828,600
Infrastructure and improvements	4,924,404	269,179	-	5,193,583
Lease assets - ground	58,455	29,143	-	87,598
Lease assets - buildings	1,371,663	644,754	-	2,016,417
Subscription-based information				
technology right-to-use assets	3,348,725	2,379,397	(2,066,874)	3,661,248
Total accumulated depreciation/				
amortization	199,427,788	12,660,243	(2,192,953)	209,895,078
Capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized, net	214,592,398	(5,272,323)	1,335,624	210,655,699
Capital assets, net	\$ 230,041,219	\$ (3,854,792)	\$ (26,181)	\$ 226,160,246

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Capital Asset Activity	Beginning Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Transfers / Deletions	Ending Balance June 30, 2023
Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 15,147,861	Ś -	\$ -	\$ 15,147,861
Construction in progress	32,825,316	22,692,602	(55,216,958)	300,960
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	47,973,177	22,692,602	(55,216,958)	15,448,821
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	242,331,280	-	52,668,580	294,999,860
Furniture and equipment	99,975,045	1,793,807	(53,968)	101,714,884
Infrastructure and improvements	5,300,631	43,712	2,360,998	7,705,341
Lease assets - ground	453,161	-	-	453,161
Lease assets - buildings	1,854,583	533,586	-	2,388,169
Subscription-based information				
technology right-to-use assets	4,936,066	2,024,422	(201,717)	6,758,771
Total capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized	354,850,766	4,395,527	54,773,893	414,020,186
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Buildings and improvements	89,646,890	6,554,594	-	96,201,484
Furniture and equipment	90,841,607	2,909,890	(228,440)	93,523,057
Infrastructure and improvements	4,658,001	266,403	-	4,924,404
Lease assets - ground	29,312	29,143	-	58,455
Lease assets - buildings	747,302	624,361	-	1,371,663
Subscription-based information				
technology right-to-use assets	1,645,681	1,904,761	(201,717)	3,348,725
Total accumulated depreciation/				
amortization	187,568,793	12,289,152	(430,157)	199,427,788
Capital assets being				
depreciated/amortized, net	167,281,973	(7,893,625)	55,204,050	214,592,398
Capital assets, net	\$ 215,255,150	\$ 14,798,977	\$ (12,908)	\$ 230,041,219

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30 consists of the following:

Type of Unearned Revenue	2024	2023
Auxiliary services deposits Student tuition and fees Restricted funds	\$ 59,416 2,800,317 1,020,769	\$ 51,404 2,758,190 2,089,460
Total unearned revenue	\$ 3,880,502	\$ 4,899,054

6. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Long-term debt obligations activity related to bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Long-Term Debt Obligations		Beginning Balance	Additions	i	R	eductions	Ending Balance		Due Within One year
Bonds payable	\$	84,700,000	\$	-	\$	5,580,000	\$ 79,120,000	\$	5,060,000
Bond premium		8,322,880		-		404,826	7,918,054		
Total liability	\$	93,022,880	\$	_	\$	5,984,826	87,038,054		
Less current po	rtio	n of long-term	debt obligation	ons			5,060,000		
Long-term debt	obl	igations, net o	of current port	ion			\$ 81,978,054	:	

See Notes 9 and 10 for disclosures related to lease and subscription-based information technology arrangement obligations as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Long-term debt obligations activity related to bonds payable for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Long-Term Debt Obligations		Beginning Balance	Additions		R	Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One year
Bonds payable	\$	89,725,000	\$	_	\$	5,025,000	\$	84,700,000	\$ 5,150,000												
Bond premium		8,727,706		-		404,826		8,322,880													
Total liability	\$	98,452,706	\$	-	\$	5,429,826		93,022,880													
Less current po	rtio	n of long-term	debt obligation	ons				5,150,000													
Long-term debt	obl	igations, net o	of current port	tion			\$	87,872,880													

The following is a summary of long-term debt obligations for the College as of June 30:

Bond Issues	2024	2023
2015 limited tax refunding bonds original balance of \$7,395,000, due in annual installments of \$640,000 to \$845,000 through May 1, 2026 plus interest at 2.20%	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 2,475,000
2016 limited tax refunding bonds original balance of \$7,725,000, due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$870,000 through May 1, 2026 plus interest at 2.140%	1,735,000	2,590,000
2017 building and site and refunding bonds original balance of \$27,545,000, due in installments of \$85,000 to \$4,435,000 through May 1, 2037 plus interest at 3.0% to 5.0%	25,295,000	25,735,000
2019 building and site bonds original balance of \$38,030,000, due in installments of \$620,000 to \$2,225,000 through May 1, 2049 plus interest at 3.0% to 5.0%	35,355,000	36,075,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Bond Issues	2024	2023
2022 limited tax refunding bonds original balance of \$20,110,000, due in installments beginning in May, 2023 of \$710,000 to \$4,330,000 through May 1, 2032 plus interest at 1.513%	\$ 15,485,000	\$ 17,825,000
Total bond issues	79,120,000	84,700,000
Plus: premium on bonds	 7,918,054	8,322,880
Total long-term debt obligations	\$ 87,038,054	\$ 93,022,880

Scheduled principal and interest requirements of debt obligations for years succeeding June 30, 2024 are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		Total
2025	\$ 5,060,000	\$	3,000,930	\$ 8,060,930
2026	5,255,000		2,814,787	8,069,787
2027	5,410,000		2,680,861	8,090,861
2028	5,530,000		2,559,083	8,089,083
2029	5,650,000		2,433,569	8,083,569
2030-2034	22,895,000		8,414,394	31,309,394
2035-2039	10,245,000		4,915,501	15,160,501
2040-2044	8,570,000		2,903,000	11,473,000
2045-2049	10,505,000		963,750	 11,468,750
Total	79,120,000		30,685,875	109,805,875
Premium on bonds	 7,918,054		_	7,918,054
Total as of June 30, 2024	\$ 87,038,054	\$	30,685,875	\$ 117,723,929

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Scheduled principal and interest requirements of debt obligations for years succeeding June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	5,150,000	\$	3,139,581	\$	8,289,581
2025		5,275,000		3,010,390		8,285,390
2026		5,470,000		2,819,517		8,289,517
2027		5,410,000		2,680,861		8,090,861
2028		5,530,000		2,559,083		8,089,083
2029-2033		26,310,000		9,561,750		35,871,750
2034-2038		10,990,000		5,398,464		16,388,464
2039-2043		8,175,000		3,296,850		11,471,850
2044-2048		10,165,000		1,306,400		11,471,400
2049		2,225,000		66,750		2,291,750
Total		84,700,000		33,839,646		118,539,646
Premium on bonds		8,322,880		-		8,322,880
Total as of June 30, 2023	\$	93,022,880	\$	33,839,646	\$	126,862,526

Interest is payable semi-annually on the bonds payable. The principal and interest are generally payable from the College's nonoperating revenues. Certain bonds are callable at par and accrue interest plus a premium. Total interest charged to expense for bonds payable for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$3,107,050 and \$3,244,102, respectively.

Bond Defeasance

In August 2023, the College issued a bond defeasance for a portion of the remaining amount on the 2015 obligation limited tax bonds. The total bond principal defeased was \$635,000, which had a slight loss of \$4,500. As of June 30, 2024, \$430,000 of the series 2015 bonds outstanding were considered defeased. The College had no defeased bonds as of June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description. The College contributes to the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS), a cost-sharing multi-employer state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members – eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website, www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Pension Benefits Provided. Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Participants in the defined contribution plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the Defined Contribution benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

Other Postemployment Benefits Provided. Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions. Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2022 valuation will be amortized over a 16-year period beginning October 1, 2022 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024, which excludes supplemental MPSERS UAAL employer stabilization contributions that are passed through the College to MPSERS based on rates ranging from 16.65% - 16.89% on prior year covered payroll:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	20.16% - 23.03%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	20.16% - 23.03%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	17.24% - 19.17%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.95% - 20.10%
Defined Contributions	0.00%	13.75% - 13.90%

Required contributions to the pension plan from the College were \$18,167,888, \$20,644,161, and \$15,489,424 for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.07% - 8.31%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.06% - 7.21%

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the College were \$3,926,049, \$3,775,314, and \$3,893,991 for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 3.00% 0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 7.00% 0.00% - 2.00%

For the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, required and actual contributions from the College for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$571,072, \$524,167, and \$469,304, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College reported a liability of \$143,514,579 and \$172,006,584, respectively, for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2023, the College's proportion was 0.44341%, which was a decrease of 0.01395% points from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2022 of 0.45736%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the College recognized pension expense of \$11,513,636. At June 30, 2024, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2024	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 19,446,879	\$ 11,212,628	\$ 8,234,251
Differences between expected and actual experience Change in proportion and differences	4,530,317	219,842	4,310,475
between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and	108,605	11,953,532	(11,844,927)
actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	2,936,773	(2,936,773)
Total	24,085,801	26,322,775	(2,236,974)
Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award subsequent to the measurement date	-	8,542,131	(8,542,131)
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	16,334,328	-	16,334,328
Total	\$ 40,420,129	\$ 34,864,906	\$ 5,555,223

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. The amount reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to Sec 147c of the State School Aid Act (PA 94 of 1979), will be recognized as State appropriation revenue for the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2025	\$ (2,291,806)
2026	(1,798,419)
2027	4,348,103
2028	(2,494,852)
Total	\$ (2,236,974)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the College recognized pension expense of \$15,154,917. At June 30, 2023, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

2023	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 29,556,895	\$ -	\$ 29,556,895
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	1,720,666	384,588	1,336,078
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	17,478	14,144,461	(14,126,983)
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	403,356	-	403,356
Total	31,698,395	14,529,049	17,169,346
Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award subsequent to the measurement date	-	12,080,795	(12,080,795)
College contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	18,856,416		18,856,416
Total	\$ 50,554,811	\$ 26,609,844	\$ 23,944,967

OPEB (Asset) Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College reported an (asset) liability of \$(2,549,473) and \$9,674,482, respectively, for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB (asset) liability. The net OPEB (asset) liability was measured as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the total OPEB (asset) liability used to calculate the net OPEB (asset) liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 30, 2022 and 2021. The College's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2023, the College's proportion was 0.45068%, which was a decrease of 0.00608% points from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2022 of 0.45676%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the College recognized a reduction to OPEB expense of \$5,686,559. At June 30, 2024, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

2024	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Outflow of Inflow of		ı	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$	5,675,571	\$	683,446	\$	4,992,125
Differences between expected and		, ,		10.265.425		
actual experience Net difference between projected and		=		19,265,125		(19,265,125)
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		7,773		-		7,773
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		35,812		2,851,209		(2,815,397)
Total		5,719,156		22,799,780		(17,080,624)
College contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		3,118,182				3,118,182
Total	\$	8,837,338	\$	22,799,780	\$	(13,962,442)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ (5,750,345) (5,216,065) (2,225,724) (1,880,078) (1,342,074)
Thereafter	(666,338)
Total	\$ (17,080,624)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the College recognized a reduction to OPEB expense of \$5,010,220. At June 30, 2023, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

2023	Deferred Outflow o		Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 8,623,1	76 \$ 702,148	\$ 7,921,028
Differences between expected and actual experience		- 18,948,603	(18,948,603)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	756,1	37 -	756,137
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	49,1	62 3,832,676	(3,783,514)
Total	9,428,4	75 23,483,427	(14,054,952)
College contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	2,975,7	17 -	2,975,717
Total	\$ 12,404,1	92 \$ 23,483,427	\$ (11,079,235)

Actuarial Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuations (for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively) were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age, normal
Wage inflation rate	2.75%
Projected salary increase	2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Investment rate of return:	
MIP and Basic	
plans (non-hybrid)	6.00%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid)	6.00%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid)	6.00%
OPEB plans	6.00%
Cost of living adjustment	3% annual, non-compounded for MIP members

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Healthcare cost trend rate Pre-65: 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15 (7.75% Year 1 graded to

3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120 in 2021)

Post-65: 6.25% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15 (5.25% Year 1 graded to

3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120 in 2021)

Mortality Retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled

by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality

improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.

Active: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale

MP-2021 from 2010.

(In 2021, RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. For retirees, the tables were scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females. For active members, 100% of the table rates

were used for both males and females.)

Other OPEB assumptions:

Opt out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those

hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt-out of the retiree health

plan.

Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have

coverages continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage election

at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2023, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4406 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.5099 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2022, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.3922 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.2250 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Changes in assumptions - September 30, 2022 Valuation. The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation. Finally, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.75% to 7.50% and post-65 increased from 5.25% to 6.25%.

Changes in assumptions - September 30, 2021 Valuation. The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.00% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for OPEB.

Long-Term Expected Return on Pension and OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension/OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension and OPEB plans' target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, are summarized in the following tables:

2023 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
- · · · · · ·	25.224	= 400/	4.050/
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.43%	1.36%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.99%	1.44%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.37%	0.95%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	1.22%	0.16%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	5.99%	0.60%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	4.49%	0.40%
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00%	6.83%	0.68%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	0.28%	0.01%
Total allocation	100.00%		5.60%
Inflation			2.70%
Risk adjustment			-2.30%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2022 Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	4.77%	1.19%
Private equity pools International equity pools	16.00% 15.00%	8.13% 6.26%	1.30% 0.94%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	-0.19%	-0.02%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.95%	0.50%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	2.52%	0.23%
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00%	5.42%	0.54%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-0.47%	-0.01%
Total allocation	100.00%		4.67%
Inflation			2.20%
Risk adjustment			-0.87%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 8.29% and 7.94%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was -4.18% and -4.99%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Discount Rate

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, a discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension and OPEB (assets) liabilities. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB (assets) liabilities.

Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00% as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2024:

As of June 30, 2024	1% Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1% Increase (7.00%)		
College's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 193,887,775	\$ 143,514,579	\$ 101,577,071		

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00% as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2023:

As of June 30, 2023	1% Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1% Increase (7.00%)
College's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 226,984,790	\$ 172,006,584	\$ 126,702,066

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sensitivity of College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2024:

As of June 30, 2024	19	1% Decrease I (5.00%)		Current Discount Rate (6.00%)		1% Increase (7.00%)	
College's proportionate share of net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	2,643,038	\$	(2,549,473)	\$	(7,011,926)	

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2023:

As of June 30, 2023	1	1% Decrease (5.00%)		Current Discount Rate (6.00%)		1% Increase (7.00%)	
College's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	Ś	16.288.013	Ś	9.674.482	Ś	4.155.596	

Sensitivity of College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2024:

As of June 30, 2024	1	% Decrease	Current Healthcare		19	% Increase
College's proportionate share of net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	(7,023,052)	\$	(2,549,473)	\$	2,292,407

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30, 2023:

As of June 30, 2023	1% Decrease		Current Healthcare Cost Trend		1% Increase	
College's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	4,051,210	\$	9,674,482	\$	15,986,715

Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2024, the College reported a payable of \$1,778,135 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2023, the College reported a payable of \$1,503,178 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2024, the College reported a payable of \$85,793 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024. At June 30, 2023, the College reported a payable of \$60,906 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

8. OPTIONAL RETIREMENT PROGRAM

Plan Description

The College has adopted the Lansing Community College Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) under IRS Code Section 403(A). This defined contribution plan is administered by the College and provides retirement benefits to participants. The ORP was established pursuant to Public Act No. 296 of 1994 and permits full-time faculty and administrative staff of the College to elect an optional retirement plan in lieu of coverage under MPSERS. The Plan had 171 and 168 participants at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the College are established by the plan document as 4.3% and 12.0% of MPSERS compensation, respectively. Institutional plan contributions will only be made for participants who have authorized the required participant plan contribution. Participant contributions are fully vested and non-forfeitable when made. Institutional contributions vest after two years of continuous full-time service as interpreted under MPSERS guidelines. The participant and College contributions to ORP for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$638,395 and \$1,781,569, respectively. The participant and College contributions to ORP for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$598,328 and \$1,669,769, respectively.

9. LEASES

The College is involved in three agreements as a lessee that qualify as long-term lease agreements. Below is a summary of the nature of these agreements. These agreements qualify as intangible, right-to-use assets and not financed purchases, as the College will not own the asset at the end of the contract term and the noncancelable term of the agreement surpasses one year. The present values are discounted using an interest rate of between 1.513% and 3.489% based on the estimated borrowing rate of the College at the time the lease commenced.

Asset Type	Remaining Term of Agreements
Land & building (ground lease)	12 years
Buildings	1 year

Detailed information regarding the assets acquired through June 30, 2024 can be referenced in Note 4 Capital Assets.

The net present value of future minimum payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest				
2025	\$ 430,358	\$	23,579			
2026	30,645		2,889			
2027	30,189		3,346			
2028	29,739		3,796			
2029	29,295		4,239			
2030-2034	151,177		29,912			
2035-2036	37,426		9,607			
	_		_			
Total	\$ 738,829	\$	77,368			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, total interest charged to expense for lease obligations was \$23,074 and \$22,869, respectively.

Lease liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Lease Liability	i	Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Leases payable	\$	1,417,254	\$ -	\$	678,425	\$	738,829	\$	430,358

Lease liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Lease Liability	E	Beginning Balance	А	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Leases payable	\$	1,529,712	\$	533,586	\$	646,044	\$	1,417,254	\$	678,425

The College has no significant long-term agreements as a lessor as of June 30, 2024 or June 30, 2023.

10. SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS

The College is involved in sixty-seven agreements as a subscriber that qualify as long-term subscription-based information technology ("SBITA") agreements. Below is a summary of the nature of these agreements. These agreements qualify as intangible, right-to-use subscription assets as the College has the control of the right to use another party's IT software and the noncancelable term of the agreement surpasses one year. The present values are discounted using an interest rate of between 0.218% and 3.764% based on the estimated borrowing rate of the College at the time the subscription commenced.

Asset Type	Remaining Term of Agreements
Subscription assets	1-4 years

Detailed information regarding the assets acquired through June 30, 2024 can be referenced in Note 4 Capital Assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The net present value of future minimum payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30		Principal	Interest
2025	\$	1,758,549	\$ 106,804
2026 2027		1,446,618 371,636	59,999 18,827
2028 Total	<u> </u>	328,918 3,905,721	 9,447 195,077

For fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, total interest charged to expense for subscription-based agreement obligations was \$44,638 and \$11,319, respectively.

Subscription liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Subscription Liability	ı	Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Subscriptions payable	\$	3,036,270	\$ 4,115,285	\$	3,245,834	\$	3,905,721	\$	1,758,549

Subscription liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Subscription Liability	l	Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Subscriptions payable	\$	3,290,385	\$ 2,024,422	\$	2,278,537	\$	3,036,270	\$	1,856,722

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of the College's net investment in capital assets at June 30 was as follows:

	2024	2023
Capital assets:		
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 15,504,547	\$ 15,448,821
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	210,655,699	214,592,398
Total capital assets	226,160,246	230,041,219
Related debt: Lease and subscription liabilities	4,644,550	4,453,524
Bonds payable	79,120,000	84,700,000
Bond premium	7,918,054	8,322,880
Retainage payable	1,671,082	-
Less: Deferred charge on bond refunding	(1,455,068)	(1,636,952)
Total related debt	91,898,618	95,839,452
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 134,261,628	\$ 134,201,767

12. UNRESTRICTED NET DEFICIT

The components of the College's unrestricted net deficit at June 30 are as follows:

Unrestricted Net Deficit		2024	2023			
Auxiliary activities	\$	2,178,514	\$	1,399,895		
Encumbrances		293,498		341,224		
Plant improvements		28,414,903		25,282,973		
Pension and OPEB liabilities fund deficit	(2	151,921,798)	(1	168,815,334)		
Board of Trustees designated purposes		7,471,895		8,013,950		
Undesignated		36,302,090		38,677,983		
Total unrestricted net deficit	\$	(77,260,898)	\$	(95,099,309)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The College participates in the Middle Cities Risk Management Pool for claims relating to auto, property, and liability; the College is separately insured for medical benefits provided to employees' claims. The Middle Cities Risk Management Trust (the Trust) provides a single multi-peril contract under which the members are covered for various types of risk including auto, property and liability.

Contributions for premiums received from members are recorded as revenue by the Trust. Claim losses, along with excess insurance premiums and services fees, are recorded as expenses by the Trust. The estimated total costs of claim losses are accrued by the Trust. To the extent the group's contributions are deemed to exceed claim losses and other costs, the excess amount is refunded to the members by the Trust. If necessary, funding deficits in individual policy years are recovered through additional member contributions assessed to members of that policy year.

14. CONTINGENCIES

The College may be subject to various legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of its business. The College believes that the amount, if any, of ultimate liability with respect to legal actions will be immaterial or will be covered by insurance.

The College conducts certain programs pursuant to grants and contracts funded, and subject to audit, by various federal and state agencies. Amounts questioned as a result of future audits, if any, may result in refunds to these governmental agencies. Any liabilities for reimbursements which may arise as the result of these future audits is not believed to be material.

The College experienced a cybersecurity incident in March 2023. The College partnered with a third-party firm to investigate the incident. Following the investigation, the College determined that some personal information belonging to current and former students, employees and vendors, may have been impacted by this incident. There was no indication this information was exfiltrated from the College's data base or has been misused. As a precaution, the College provided notice of the incident to affected U.S. residents and regulators, and those individuals living outside of the United States and foreign regulators, with the offer of complimentary credit monitoring services and to detail steps that can and should be taken to protect against scams and identity theft. The possible liability to the College for these remedial actions as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 are estimated at \$40 thousand and \$850 thousand, respectively. During fiscal 2024, a class-action lawsuit was formed and a tentative settlement has been reached which is waiting judicial approval. The possible liability to the College for the costs associated with the lawsuit as of June 30, 2024 is estimated at \$750 thousand.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15. RISK AND ECONOMIC UNCERTAINTIES

In response to the pandemic, the College was allocated funding from the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) in the amount of \$37.8 million for student emergency grants and institutional funding through the three federal stimulus packages passed in March 2020, December 2020, and March 2021. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the College used the remaining HEERF funds in the amount of \$6.9 million in costs eligible under the institutional grant. In Fall 2024, the College saw an increase in enrollment since the pandemic.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Other than the transactions between the College and Foundation presented in the accompanying statements of net position and as described in the Reporting Entity section of Note 1, the College did not have any other related party transactions or related receivables or payables as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Year Ended June 30, 2024	Year Ended June 30, 2023	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Year Ended June 30, 2020	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 143,514,579	\$ 172,006,584	\$ 117,177,936	\$ 176,522,247	\$ 177,789,942	\$ 163,974,876	\$ 141,871,522	\$ 139,408,096	\$ 134,564,773	\$ 123,194,332
College's proportion of the net pension liability	0.44341%	0.45736%	0.49494%	0.51388%	0.53686%	0.54546%	0.54747%	0.55877%	0.55093%	0.55930%
College's covered payroll	\$ 45,420,064	\$ 44,757,113	\$ 43,246,728	\$ 44,594,537	\$ 46,094,149	\$ 46,646,511	\$ 45,891,363	\$ 46,761,637	\$ 45,514,783	\$ 52,829,768
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	315.97%	384.31%	270.95%	395.84%	385.71%	351.53%	309.15%	298.12%	295.65%	233.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.91%	60.77%	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.15%

See notes to the required supplementary information

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the College's Pension Contributions

	Year Ended June 30, 2024	Year Ended June 30, 2023	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Year Ended June 30, 2020	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 18,167,888	\$ 20,644,161	\$ 15,489,424	\$ 14,864,047	\$ 15,350,591	\$ 14,371,191	\$ 15,209,331	\$ 13,710,723	\$ 11,176,120	\$ 14,585,927
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	(18,167,888)	(20,644,161)	(15,489,424)	(14,864,047)	(15,350,591)	(14,371,191)	(15,209,331)	(13,710,723)	(11,176,120)	(14,585,927)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
College's covered payroll	\$ 47,330,220	\$ 45,757,672	\$ 45,175,984	\$ 43,408,900	\$ 45,511,835	\$ 46,579,321	\$ 47,024,894	\$ 47,289,366	\$ 46,159,222	\$ 48,782,946
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	38.39%	45.12%	34.29%	34.24%	33.73%	30.85%	32.34%	28.99%	24.21%	29.90%

See notes to the required supplementary information

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (Asset) Liability

	Year Ended June 30, 2024	Year Ended June 30, 2023	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Year Ended June 30, 2020	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ (2,549,473)	\$ 9,674,482	\$ 7,234,259	\$ 26,773,639	\$ 37,657,910	\$ 43,350,196	\$ 48,713,989
College's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability	0.45068%	0.45676%	0.47395%	0.49976%	0.52465%	0.54536%	0.55010%
College's covered payroll	\$ 45,420,064	\$ 44,757,113	\$ 43,246,728	\$ 44,594,537	\$ 46,094,149	\$ 46,646,511	\$ 45,891,363
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	(5.61%)	21.62%	16.73%	60.04%	81.70%	92.93%	106.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	105.04%	83.09%	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

See notes to the required supplementary information

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the College's Other Postemployment Benefits Contributions

		ear Ended e 30, 2024	ear Ended ne 30, 2023	Year Ended ine 30, 2022	Year Ended une 30, 2021	_	ear Ended ne 30, 2020	_	ear Ended ne 30, 2019	ear Ended ne 30, 2018
Statutorily required contributions	\$	3,926,049	\$ 3,775,314	\$ 3,893,991	\$ 3,706,977	\$	3,826,617	\$	3,835,528	\$ 3,508,061
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions		(3,926,049)	(3,775,314)	(3,893,991)	 (3,706,977)		(3,826,617)		(3,835,528)	(3,508,061)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
College's covered payroll	\$ 4	47,330,220	\$ 45,757,672	\$ 45,175,984	\$ 43,408,900	\$	45,511,835	\$	46,579,321	47,024,894
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.30%	8.25%	8.62%	8.54%		8.41%		8.23%	7.46%

See notes to the required supplementary information

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Pension Information

The amounts presented in the schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2024 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation.
- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00% for the MIP and Basic plans, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus Plan.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

OPEB Information

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2024 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation. Finally, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.75% to 7.50% and post-65 increased from 5.25% to 6.25%.
- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00%.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased to 7.75%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.



Statistical Section

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the College's Statistical section of the annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the College's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the College's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the College's most significant local revenue source, the property tax, and tuition and fees data.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the College's current levels of outstanding debt and the College's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the College's financial report relates to the services the College provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
OPERATING REVENUES										
Tuition and fees (net of scholarships allowances)	\$ 27,747,591 \$	28,244,619 \$	31,956,596 \$	30,203,838 \$	30,728,261 \$	30,611,199 \$	31,112,089 \$	30,405,367 \$	27,216,821	27,560,464
Federal grants and contracts	3,165,124	2,330,319	2,374,523	1,973,859	2,267,357	2,131,800	2,413,388	3,352,561	3,555,172	4,194,022
State grants and contracts (2)(3)	1,095,953	1,123,058	884,092	1,896,795	2,070,538	2,076,078	2,149,369	2,039,964	1,989,818	1,709,876
Local grants and contracts (2)	5,744,225	5,218,227	5,153,858	5,681,392	6,178,030	5,388,047	4,618,048	3,243,550	3,372,026	3,316,514
Sales and services of educational activities	737,500	-	2,097	73	54,123	12,494	12,170	22,323	153,547	280,068
Sales and services of auxiliary activities	625,118	647,208	132,919	7,177	623,643	407,136	136,280	1,280,918	1,200,923	158,246
Job Training Programs	1,216,400	336,677	372,719	84,894	214,296	313,051	213,399	408,793	1,145,395	369,171
Miscellaneous (2)		1,054,683	1,045,069	807,036	1,005,797	4,076,182	1,973,231	3,184,897	2,888,170	2,668,037
Total operating revenues	40,331,911	38,954,791	41,921,873	40,655,064	43,142,045	45,015,987	42,627,974	43,938,373	41,521,872	40,256,398
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Instruction (2)	25,458,212	27,760,429	27,509,741	33,160,622	37,459,754	37,541,664	37,305,679	36,462,526	47,019,899	45,539,843
Information technology (1)(4)	10,078,619	11,550,898	10,544,583	11,381,058	13,574,193	12,727,743	12,258,907	10,434,438	-	-
Public services (2)(5)	2,043,228	2,255,067	1,756,209	2,655,040	2,560,771	2,567,157	2,754,459	2,703,721	1,911,608	2,015,322
Instructional support (2)	15,615,571	15,801,341	14,722,151	17,138,188	20,207,931	18,307,771	16,502,356	17,547,370	26,570,255	23,323,896
Student services (2)	17,219,840	15,863,662	26,674,948	22,057,563	17,222,229	14,499,277	17,352,582	11,782,303	13,322,729	15,240,309
Institutional administration (2)(3)(5)	22,627,744	25,248,298	19,878,823	20,723,534	20,920,319	19,954,545	19,835,166	20,265,334	20,696,479	18,125,659
Operation and maintenance of plant (2)(3)	17,037,809	15,061,929	10,661,433	14,712,040	18,963,328	17,269,139	16,044,964	15,925,694	18,600,704	18,489,746
Depreciation and amortization (3)(4)	12,660,243	12,289,152	11,872,616	10,350,743	10,380,616	10,504,034	10,090,635	8,643,040	7,834,826	7,262,393
Total operating expenses	122,741,266	125,830,776	123,620,504	132,178,788	141,289,141	133,371,330	132,144,748	123,764,426	135,956,500	129,997,168
Operating loss	(82,409,355)	(86,875,985)	(81,698,631)	(91,523,724)	(98,147,096)	(88,355,343)	(89,516,774)	(79,826,053)	(94,434,628)	(89,740,770)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
State appropriations	39,478,637	36,381,429	36,377,586	34,775,424	29,950,889	33,884,167	33,759,671	33,317,442	33,761,131	35,344,860
Property tax levy	51,553,499	48,618,027	46,328,235	44,956,559	43,781,074	42,298,367	40,983,811	39,910,486	39,207,101	37,390,260
Pell Grant revenue	11,854,667	10,819,567	10,888,958	10,693,117	13,208,069	13,267,697	16,461,261	15,980,057	18,705,818	22,505,731
Federal nonoperating grants - CARES/HEERF	-	6,870,966	16,038,737	16,749,041	1,775,621	· · ·	· · ·	-		-
Investment return and other gains (losses)	3,312,337	2,040,154	288,473	(724,860)	2,039,284	900,682	498,034	178,180	156,030	139,381
Interest on capital asset - related debt	(3,174,762)	(3,278,290)	(3,525,028)	(4,119,115)	(3,759,395)	(2,753,686)	(2,624,545)	(2,747,508)	(3,579,459)	(3,396,095)
Net nonoperating revenues	103,024,378	101,451,853	106,396,961	102,330,166	86,995,542	87,597,227	89,078,232	86,638,657	88,250,621	91,984,137
Change in net position before other revenues	20,615,023	14,575,868	24,698,330	10,806,442	(11,151,554)	(758,116)	(438,542)	6,812,604	(6,184,007)	2,243,367
OTHER REVENUES										
State capital appropriations	3,593,200	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
State capital grants	3,333,200	-	_	_	-	_	599,701	4,400,299	_	_
Capital gifts	-	-	101,947	220,000	-	-	-	202,518	142,896	-
Total other revenues	3,593,200		101,947	220,000	-	-	599,701	4,602,817	142,896	-
Total change in net position	24,208,223	14,575,868	24,800,277	11,026,442	(11,151,554)	(758,116)	161,159	11,415,421	(6,041,111)	2,243,367
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning of year	39,393,168	24,817,300	17,023	(11,009,419)	142,135	900,251	48,107,556	36,692,135	42,733,246	160,769,992
Implementation of GASB 68	33,333,100	27,017,300	17,023	(11,003,713)	172,133	300,231	40,107,330	30,032,133	42,733,240	
Implementation of GASB 05	-	-	-	-	-	-	(47,368,464)	-	-	(120,280,113)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), beginning of year	39,393,168	24,817,300	17,023	(11,009,419)	142,135	900,251	739,092	36,692,135	42,733,246	40,489,879
	\$ 63,601,391 \$	39,393,168 \$	24,817,300 \$	17,023 \$	(11,009,419) \$	142,135 \$	900,251 \$	48,107,556 \$	36,692,135	42,733,246
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), end of year	3 03,001,331 \$	33,333,100 \$	24,017,300 \$	17,023 \$	(11,003,413) \$	142,133 \$	300,231 \$	40,107,330 \$	30,032,135	42,/33,246

Source: Lansing Community College Audited Financial Statements

Excluding Lansing Community College Foundation

⁽¹⁾ In 2010, per the State of Michigan ACS Reporting Manual, the 2.0 Information Technology category was eliminated. Per recommendation from the State of Michigan, these expenses were reallocated to Instruction, Instructional Support, Student Services, Institutional Administration, and Operation and Maintenance of Plant.

In 2018 the State of Michigan reinstated the 2.0 Information Technology category. 2017 amounts were reclassified to conform with the 2018 presentation.

^{(2) 2016} amounts reclassified to conform with the 2017 presentation.

^{(3) 2021} amounts restated to account for changes to the restricted fund and presentation of GASB 87.

^{(4) 2022} amounts restated to account for changes to the presentation of GASB 96.

^{(5) 2023} amounts reclassified to conform with the 2024 presentation.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

Net Position by Components

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 134,261,628 \$	134,201,767 \$	128,864,293 \$	125,297,760 \$	127,533,232 \$	130,783,094 \$	135,187,005 \$	132,962,327 \$	126,365,209 \$	119,409,027
Restricted for:										
Restricted fund activities	457,988	290,710	229,982	221,826	143,914	246,003	199,611	7,917	=	152,940
Capital projects	3,593,200	-	=	=	=	-	-	-	=	-
Net other postemployment benefits asset	2,549,473	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	(77,260,898)	(95,099,309)	(104,276,975)	(125,502,563)	(138,686,565)	(130,886,962)	(134,486,365)	(84,862,688)	(89,673,074)	(76,828,721)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 63,601,391 \$	39,393,168 \$	24,817,300 \$	17,023 \$	(11,009,419) \$	142,135 \$	900,251 \$	48,107,556 \$	36,692,135 \$	42,733,246

Source: Lansing Community College's Audited Financial Statements excluding Lansing Community College Foundation

REVENUE CAPACITY Major Taxpayers 2024 Levy Year vs. 2015 Levy Year (Unaudited)

2024 Levy Year 2015 Levy Year

2024 Taxpayer	Type of Business	2024 Taxable Valuation	Rank (1)	Percentage of Total College District Taxable Valuation (\$14,379,402,597)	2015 Taxpayer	Type of Business	2015 Taxable Valuation	Rank (1)	Percentage of Total College District Taxable Valuation (\$10,131,872,904)
Consumers Energy Company	Utility	\$268,155,093	1	1.86%	Consumers Energy Company	Utility	\$102,313,762	1	1.01%
Enbridge Energy LP	Oil & Gas Delivery/Storage	169,452,649	2	1.18%	Enbridge Energy LP	Oil & Gas Delivery/Storage	74,062,421	2	0.73%
Dart Container of Michigan	Packaging Products	68,198,367	3	0.47%	Dart Container Corporation	Packaging Products	43,762,701	3	0.43%
Eyde L & G	Property Management	44,607,881	4	0.31%	Enbridge Pipelines (Toledo) Inc	Crude Oil Transportation	32,523,400	4	0.32%
Jackson National Life	Insurance	37,100,921	5	0.26%	Meridian Mall LTD Partnership	Shopping Mall	29,387,161	5	0.29%
Holdings	Produce Wholesaler	33,717,935	6	0.23%	Retail Properties of America, Inc.	Retail Property Management	27,354,784	6	0.27%
Core East Lansing LLC	Property Management	33,297,400	7	0.23%	Jackson National Life	Insurance	27,042,611	7	0.27%
CASL Landmark/Albert/Newman	Property Management	31,533,425	8	0.22%	Tri County Electric Cooperative	Utility	26,619,400	8	0.26%
Retail Properties of America, Inc.	Retail Property Management	30,259,500	9	0.21%	Gestamp Mason LLC	Metal Heat Treating	24,696,516	9	0.24%
Accident Fund Ins Co of America	Insurance	29,075,100	10	0.20%	C 150 2929 Hannah Lofts LLC	Property Management	21,311,300	10	0.21%

Source: Ingham County Assessor, Ingham.org

⁽¹⁾ Ranking in terms of Ad Valorem Taxable Valuation

REVENUE CAPACITY Assessed Value and Taxable Value of Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Taxable Valuation (1)	Tax Rates (per \$1,000) of Valuation (1)	Taxes Levied	Collections through June 30 ach Year (2)	Percent of Taxes Levied Uncollected through June 30 Each Year
2024	\$ 14,379,402,597	3.7692	\$ 54,198,844	\$ 50,958,064	5.98%
2023	13,529,224,490	3.7692	50,994,353	48,054,336	5.77%
2022	12,807,735,430	3.7692	48,274,916	45,946,764	4.82%
2021	12,316,500,113	3.7777	46,528,042	44,587,201	4.17%
2020	11,826,622,757	3.8072	45,026,318	43,275,558	3.89%
2019	11,392,083,246	3.8072	43,371,939	41,908,334	3.37%
2018	10,963,548,011	3.8072	41,740,420	40,709,394	2.47%
2017	10,614,700,749	3.8072	40,412,289	38,482,235	4.78%
2016	10,451,534,470	3.8072	39,791,082	38,639,111	2.90%
2015	10,131,872,904	3.8072	38,574,067	37,264,108	3.40%

⁽¹⁾ Millage Report to County Board of Commissioners, L-4029 & L-4028IC

⁽²⁾ Per LCC Controller Office

REVENUE CAPACITY
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 es Levied for e Fiscal Year	 lected within Fiscal Year of the Levy	Percentage of the Levy Collected within Fiscal Year of Levy	ollections sequent Years		Total Tax ection to Date	Percentage of Levy Total Collections
2024	\$ 54,198,844	\$ 50,958,064	94.02%		\$ 50,958,064		94.02%
2023	50,994,353	48,054,336	94.23%	\$ 618,014		48,672,350	95.45%
2022	48,274,916	45,946,764	95.18%	632,003		46,578,767	96.49%
2021	46,528,042	44,587,201	95.83%	653,092		45,240,293	97.23%
2020	45,026,318	43,275,558	96.11%	552,283		43,827,841	97.34%
2019	43,371,939	41,908,334	96.63%	574,012		42,482,346	97.95%
2018	41,740,420	40,709,394	97.53%	462,073		41,171,467	98.64%
2017	40,412,289	38,482,235	95.22%	1,318,266		39,800,501	98.49%
2016	39,791,082	38,639,111	97.10%	497,779		39,136,890	98.36%
2015	38,574,067	37,264,108	96.60%	985,939		38,250,047	99.16%

Source: Lansing Community College's Controller Office ---- Information is unavailable

DEBT CAPACITY Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				General				ubscription- Based IT			Т	otal Additional Debt		tal Additional Debt Illowable for		ional Limited Debt Could	
Fiscal	Taxable	State Equalized		Obligation	Lea	ases Payable	Α	greements	Tot	al Outstanding		Allowable for	Lin	nited Tax Debt	Lega	illy Incurred	Per Capita
Year	Valuation	Valuation (SEV)	Debt Limit (a)	Bonds		(1)	P	Payable (2)		Debt (b)	-	All Tax Debt (c)		(d)		(e)	(f)
2024	\$ 14,379,402,597	\$ 18,108,951,715	\$ 2,716,342,757	\$ 87,038,05	\$	738,829	\$	3,905,721	\$	91,682,604	\$	2,624,660,153	\$	182,339,517	\$	90,656,913	
2023	13,529,224,490	16,560,744,268	2,484,111,640	93,022,88)	1,417,254		3,036,270		97,476,404		2,386,635,236		166,857,443		69,381,039	248
2022	12,807,735,430	15,639,047,683	2,345,857,152	98,452,70	5	1,529,712		3,290,385		103,272,803		2,242,584,349		157,640,477		54,367,674	263
2021	12,316,500,113	14,897,211,981	2,234,581,797	107,159,86	3	1,936,247		-		109,096,110		2,125,485,687		150,222,120		41,126,010	278
2020	11,826,622,757	14,035,518,728	2,105,327,809	112,287,17	3	-		-		112,287,173		1,993,040,636		141,605,187		29,318,014	285
2019	11,392,083,246	13,113,220,698	1,966,983,105	72,656,16	õ	-		-		72,656,166		1,894,326,939		132,382,207		59,726,041	180
2018	10,963,548,011	12,674,865,915	1,901,229,887	77,337,19)	-		-		77,337,199		1,823,892,688		127,998,659		50,661,460	192
2017	10,614,700,749	12,042,682,731	1,806,402,410	68,665,09	5	-		-		68,665,095		1,737,737,315		121,676,827		53,011,732	172
2016	10,451,534,470	11,493,211,119	1,723,981,668	75,363,85	3	-		-		75,363,858		1,648,617,810		116,182,111		40,818,253	190
2015	10,131,872,904	10,869,735,968	1,630,460,395	80,508,79)	-		-		80,508,790		1,549,951,605		109,947,360		29,438,570	204

⁽¹⁾ Implementation of GASB 87, Leases effective July 1, 2020.

Source: College Audited Financial Statements and Robert W. Baird & Co. Inc. Municipal Disclosure Annual Filing

⁽²⁾ Implementation of GASB 96, Leases effective July 1, 2021.

⁽a) 15% of SEV

⁽b) College Audited Financial Statements excluding Lansing Community College Foundation

⁽c) Debt Limit less Total Outstanding Debt

⁽d) The College may incur indebtedness that is not greater than 1.5% of the first \$25,000,000 of SEV

of the taxable property within the college district and 1% of the excess SEV over \$250,000,000 without a vote of the electors of the College

⁽e) Total Additional Debt Allowable for Limited Tax Debt less Total Outstanding Debt

⁽f) Total Outstanding Debt divided by population

⁻⁻⁻⁻ Information is unavailable

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Personal Income per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

					Pe	er Capita	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Pop	ulation (1)	Perso	onal Income (2)	Perso	onal Income	Rate (3)
2024		_		-		-	5.10%
2023	\$	393,457		-		-	4.30%
2022		393,100	\$	19,636,578	\$	50,256	4.70%
2021		392,978		19,618,474		50,176	5.50%
2020		394,075		18,286,671		46,182	11.20%
2019		402,674		16,854,052		42,326	3.90%
2018		402,561		16,620,879		41,727	3.90%
2017		399,213		15,704,271		39,790	4.30%
2016		397,211		15,274,294		38,865	4.60%
2015		394,886		14,751,514		37,532	5.00%

Source: (1) U.S. Census Bureau, State and County QuickFacts - information for Ingham and Eaton Counties (http://www.census.gov)

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽³⁾ U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

⁻⁻⁻⁻ Information is unavailable.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION Top Ten Principal Employers 2024 Employers vs. 2015 Employers

(Unaudited)

2024 (1) 2015 (2)

	- \ /					\ /			
Employer	Product/Service	Rank	No. of Employees	% of Total District Population	Employer	Product/Service	Rank	No. of Employees	% of Total District Population
State of Michigan	Government	1	13,880	3.53%	State of Michigan	Government	1	14,249	3.62%
Michigan State University	Higher Education	2	11,118	2.83%	Michigan State University	Higher Education	2	11,100	2.82%
University of Michigan Health-Sparrow	Health Care	3	9,000	2.29%	Sparrow Health System	Health Care	3	10,858	2.76%
Auto Owners Insurance Group	Insurance	4	5,943	1.51%	General Motors Corporation	Automotive	4	5,153	1.31%
General Motors Corporation	Automotive	5	4,183	1.06%	Auto Owners Insurance	Insurance	5	3,700	0.94%
Jackson National Life	Insurance	6	2,439	0.62%	Meijer Inc	Retail	6	3,500	0.89%
Peckham Industries	Textiles, Auto parts	7	2,200	0.56%	Lansing Community College	Higher Education	7	3,144	0.80%
Lansing Community College	Higher Education	8	1,800	0.46%	Peckham	Social Service	8	2,510	0.64%
Lansing School District	K-12 Education	9	1,490	0.38%	Lansing School District	Education	9	2,130	0.54%
McLaren Health	Health Care	10	1,401	0.36%	Ingham Regional Medical Center/McLaren	Health Care	10	1,900	0.48%

Source:

⁽¹⁾ Lansing Economic Area Partnership, Top Employers Demographic (LEAP)

⁽²⁾ LCC FY2015 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report source Ingham County December 31, 2014 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Facilities Data	2024 (1)	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Size of campus (acres)	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00	96.00
Square footage of gross building space (2)	2,129,968	2,129,968	1,894,412	1,894,412	1,894,412	1,894,412	1,895,612	1,883,612	1,883,612	1,883,612
Number of classrooms	127	127	127	127	123	123	136	136	136	136
Institutional administration (sq. ft.)	34,700	34,700	34,700	34,700	34,700	34,700	34,700	34,700	34,700	34,700

Source: LCC Five Year Capital Outlay Plan

⁽¹⁾ FY24 Capital Outlay Plan submitted to the state October 2023

⁽²⁾ Including leased space

REVENUE CAPACITY

Enrollment, Tuition and Fee Rates, Credit Hours, and Tuition and Fee Revenues Generated

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	FYES (1)	Unduplicated Headcount	Duplicated Headcount	Headcount per Section	Total Credit Hours		In District Tuition Rate				Out of District Tuition Rate		Out of State Tuition Rate		ition & Fees per FYES	otal Tuition ee Revenue (2)
2024 (3)	-	-	-	-	-	\$	117	\$	234	\$	351		-	-		
2023	6,211	15,705	58,794	16.1	186,231		114		228		342	\$	6,142	\$ 38,150,691		
2022	6,779	17,712	64,463	16.2	203,291		114		228		342		6,212	42,112,512		
2021	7,029	17,121	64,593	17.4	210,795		111		222		333		6,190	43,512,395		
2020	7,701	20,155	74,631	17.6	230,952		108		216		324		5,867	45,183,978		
2019	7,940	21,399	76,031	16.7	238,104		105		210		315		5,817	46,186,862		
2018	8,639	22,928	82,815	17.0	259,090		103		206		309		5,633	48,666,455		
2017	8,971	23,353	84,841	16.7	269,131		99		198		297		5,308	47,621,129		
2016	9,570	25,527	94,348	17.0	296,678		88		176		264		4,894	46,831,687		
2015	10,313	25,574	98,753	17.7	319,717		85		170		255		4,760	49,092,761		

Source: Fiscal Year's 2024 Michigan Postsecondary Data Inventory (www.mischooldata.org/DistrictSchoolProfiles2/PostsecondaryDataInventory/PostsecondaryDataInventory.aspx)
Fiscal Year's 2017 and prior Activity Classification Structure Data (www.michigancc.net/ccdata/tuition/summary.aspx)

⁽¹⁾ One Fiscal Year Equated Student (FYES) equals 30 semester credit hours.

⁽²⁾ Total tuition and fee revenue includes general and designated funds only.

⁽³⁾ The MCCDI Report for June 30, 2024 is due November 1, 2024, therefore the data is not yet available.

⁻⁻⁻⁻ Information is unavailable

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION Full-Time Equivalent Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

_	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
ADMINISTRATOR FTE:	201	185	183	172	228	223	198	169	162	163
Full-Time	199	182	181	170	224	219	194	164	156	156
Part-Time	7	8	7	7	11	12	11	16	17	22
Calculated Part-Time FTE (1)	2	3	2	2	4	4	4	5	6	7
FACULTY FTE:	416	416	475	480	588	641	626	645	647	697
Full-Time	185	185	183	182	202	202	191	190	179	189
Part-Time	692	692	876	893	1,157	1,317	1,305	1,364	1,404	1,524
Calculated Part-Time FTE (1)	231	231	292	298	386	439	435	455	468	508
SUPPORT FTE:	399	395	387	406	284	279	286	287	270	260
Full-Time	291	289	276	284	226	223	235	229	212	204
Part-Time	324	317	334	365	174	169	154	173	175	168
Calculated Part-Time FTE (1)	108	106	111	122	58	56	51	58	58	56
Actual total employees reported	1,698	1,673	1,857	1,901	1,994	2,142	2,090	2,136	2,143	2,263
TOTAL FTE (1)	1,016	995	1,046	1,058	1,099	1,143	1,110	1,101	1,079	1,120

SOURCE: IPEDS Fall Staff Report (reporting all staff on payroll as of November 1st of each year)
(1) The full-time equivalent (FTE) of staff is calculated by summing the total number of full-time staff and adding one-third of the total number of part-time staff.

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Special Reports Section

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LANSING COMMUNITY COLLEGE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Unaudited) JUNE 30, 2024

	Combined Total	General Funds	Pension and OPEB Liabilities Fund	Designated Funds	Auxiliary Activities Funds	Expendable Restricted Funds	Plant Funds	Agency Funds
Assets								
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,458,221	\$ 8,458,221	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Short-term investments	67,808,607	67,808,607	Ē	=	=	=	=	=
Property taxes receivable, net	1,038,856	1,038,856	Ē	=	=	=	=	=
State appropriations receivable	8,453,602	6,900,488	-	=	-	1,553,114	-	=
Accounts receivable, net	2,309,470	1,865,021	Ē	=	444,449	=	=	=
Federal and state grants receivable	3,076,276	-	-	-	-	3,076,276	-	=
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,312,350	3,207,422	-	33,843	7,992	=	58,336	4,757
Due from (due to) other funds	-	(39,345,910)	=	7,438,052	1,845,792	(1,588,429)	30,946,668	703,827
Due from component unit	16,196	-	-	-	-	16,196	-	-
Total current assets	94,473,578	49,932,705		7,471,895	2,298,233	3,057,157	31,005,004	708,584
Noncurrent assets								
Capital assets not being depreciated	15,504,547	_	_	_	_	_	15,504,547	_
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	210,655,699	_	_	_	_	_	210,655,699	_
Net other postemployment benefits asset	2,549,473		2,549,473				210,033,039	
							225 450 245	
Total noncurrent assets	228,709,719		2,549,473				226,160,246	
Total assets	323,183,297	49,932,705	2,549,473	7,471,895	2,298,233	3,057,157	257,165,250	708,584
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred charge on bond refunding	1,455,068	-	-	-	-	=	1,455,068	-
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts	49,257,467		49,257,467			-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	50,712,535		49,257,467			-	1,455,068	
Liabilities								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	3,252,133	1,445,158	=	-	60,303	1,578,400	167,828	444
Accrued payroll and other compensation	7,382,068	6,673,928	=	-	=	-	=	708,140
Accrued vacation	2,417,714	2,417,714	=	-	=	-	-	-
Accrued interest payable	500,155	-	_	=	-	=	500,155	_
Unearned revenue	3,880,502	2,800,317	=	-	59,416	1,020,769	=	=
Current portion of subscription obligations	1,758,549	· · · · · ·	_	_	· -		1,758,549	_
Current portion of lease obligations	430,358	=	=	-	=	=	430,358	=
Current portion of debt obligations	5,060,000						5,060,000	-
Total current liabilities	24,681,479	13,337,117	-	-	119,719	2,599,169	7,916,890	708,584
Noncurrent liabilities								
Long-term subscription obligations, net of current portion	2,147,172	=	=	-	=	=	2,147,172	=
Long-term lease obligations, net of current portion	308,471	-	-	_	-	-	308,471	_
Long-term debt obligations, net of current portion	81,978,054	=	=	-	=	=	81,978,054	=
Net pension liability	143,514,579		143,514,579		-	-		
Total noncurrent liabilities	227,948,276		143,514,579				84,433,697	
Total liabilities	252,629,755	13,337,117	143,514,579	-	119,719	2,599,169	92,350,587	708,584
Deferred inflows of resources								
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts	57,664,686		57,664,686					
Net position (deficit)								
	424 264 620						424 264 620	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	134,261,628	-	-	-	-	-	134,261,628	-
	457.000					457.000		
Restricted fund activities	457,988	-	-	-	-	457,988	3 503 333	-
Capital projects	3,593,200	-	2 540 472	-	-	-	3,593,200	-
Net other postemployment benefits asset	2,549,473	26 505 500	2,549,473		2 470 511	-	- 20 444 222	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(77,260,898)	36,595,588	(151,921,798)	7,471,895	2,178,514		28,414,903	-
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 63,601,391	\$ 36,595,588	\$ (149,372,325)	\$ 7,471,895	\$ 2,178,514	\$ 457,988	\$ 166,269,731	\$ -

LANSING COMMUNITY COLLEGE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Unaudited) JUNE 30, 2023

	Combined Total	General Funds	Pé	ension and OPEB Liabilities Fund		Designated Funds	A	uxiliary Activities Funds		Expendable Restricted Funds	Plant Funds	Agency Funds
Assets												
Current assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,793,245	\$ 7,793,245	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$	=	\$ =	\$ =
Short-term investments	69,612,685	69,612,685		-		-		-		-	-	-
Property taxes receivable, net	921,386	921,386		-		-		-		1 257 426	-	-
State appropriations receivable Accounts receivable, net	7,800,914 1,886,919	6,443,488 1,817,541		-		=		69,378		1,357,426	-	-
Federal and state grants receivable	2,100,988	1,617,541		_				05,376		2,100,988		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,328,855	2,207,495		_		17,547		9,102		2,100,500	94,711	_
Due from (due to) other funds	-	(37,011,774)		_		7,996,403		1,591,712		339,406	26,398,819	685,434
Due from component unit	17,419	-		-		-		-,,		17,419	,,	-
Total current assets	 92,462,411	 51,784,066				8,013,950		1,670,192		3,815,239	 26,493,530	685,434
	 32,402,411	 31,704,000				0,013,330		1,070,132		3,013,233	 20,433,330	 003,434
Noncurrent assets	15 449 934									_	15,448,821	
Capital assets not being depreciated	15,448,821	-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	 214,592,398	 		 -	_			-			 214,592,398	
Total noncurrent assets	 230,041,219	 -	_	-		-	_		_	-	 230,041,219	 -
Total assets	 322,503,630	 51,784,066		-		8,013,950		1,670,192		3,815,239	 256,534,749	 685,434
Deferred outflows of resources												
Deferred charge on bond refunding	1,636,952	-		-		-		-		-	1,636,952	-
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts	 62,959,003	 <u> </u>		62,959,003		-		=		-	 -	 -
Total deferred outflows of resources	64,595,955	-		62,959,003		<u>- </u>		<u>-</u> _		-	1,636,952	
Liabilities								_				
Current liabilities												
Accounts payable	4,079,625	1,737,925		_		_		218,893		1,435,069	687,294	444
Accrued payroll and other compensation	6,533,142	5,848,152		_		_		-			-	684,990
Accrued vacation	2,420,592	2,420,592		_		_		_		_	_	-
Accrued interest payable	523,263	-		-		-		-		_	523,263	-
Unearned revenue	4,899,054	2,758,190		-		=		51,404		2,089,460	-	=
Current portion of subscription obligations	1,856,722	=		=		=		=		-	1,856,722	=
Current portion of lease obligations	678,425	-		-		-		-		-	678,425	-
Current portion of debt obligations	 5,150,000	 -									 5,150,000	
Total current liabilities	26,140,823	 12,764,859		-				270,297		3,524,529	 8,895,704	 685,434
Noncurrent liabilities												
Long-term subscription obligations, net of current portion	1,179,548	=		=		-		=		=	1,179,548	-
Long-term lease obligations, net of current portion	738,829	=		-		=		=		=	738,829	-
Long-term debt obligations, net of current portion	87,872,880	-		-		-		-		-	87,872,880	-
Net pension liability	172,006,584	-		172,006,584		-		-		-	-	-
Net other postemployment benefits liability	9,674,482	 -		9,674,482		<u> </u>		-		-	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	 271,472,323	 -		181,681,066		-		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	 89,791,257	 -
Total liabilities	 297,613,146	 12,764,859		181,681,066		-		270,297		3,524,529	 98,686,961	 685,434
Deferred inflows of resources												
Deferred pension and OPEB amounts	 50,093,271	 -		50,093,271		<u>-</u> _				-	 -	 -
Net position (deficit)												
Net investment in capital assets	134,201,767	=		=		-		=		=	134,201,767	=
Restricted:												
Restricted fund activities	290,710	-		-		-		-		290,710		-
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (95,099,309)	 39,019,207		(168,815,334)		8,013,950		1,399,895		-	 25,282,973	 -
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 39,393,168	\$ 39,019,207	\$	(168,815,334)	\$	8,013,950	\$	1,399,895	\$	290,710	\$ 159,484,740	\$ -

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, TRANSFERS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Unaudited) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Combined Total	Eliminations	General Funds	Pension and OPEB Liabilities Fund	Designated Funds	Auxiliary Activities Funds	Expendable Restricted Funds	Plant Funds
Operating revenues								
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$12,064,658)	\$ 27,747,591	\$ (12,064,658)	\$ 38,005,268	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 980,376	\$ -	\$ 826,605
Federal grants and contracts	3,165,124	-	-	-	-	-	3,165,124	-
State grants and contracts	1,095,953	-	-	-	-	-	1,095,953	-
Local grants and contracts	5,744,225		2,841,260	-	-	-	2,902,965	-
Sales and services of auxiliary activities	737,500		2,769	-	-	727,125	-	7,606
Job Training Programs	625,118	-	-	-	-	-	625,118	
Miscellaneous	1,216,400		707,122			445,345		63,933
Total operating revenues	40,331,911	(12,064,658)	41,556,419			2,152,846	7,789,160	898,144
Operating expenses								
Instruction	25,458,212	-	35,385,418	(10,552,202)	8,332	-	616,664	-
Information technology	10,078,619	-	14,329,116	(2,217,010)	278,248	(107,182)	67,097	(2,271,650)
Public services	2,043,228		1,215,373	(460,677)	_	560,938	727,594	-
Instructional support	15,615,571		20,584,512	(5,979,187)	168,325	1,085	840,836	
Student services	17,219,840	(12,064,658)	17,125,161	(3,907,156)	258,223	· -	15,808,270	_
Institutional administration	22,627,744	-	17,018,175	(3,260,743)		(1,359)	8,871,671	_
Operation and maintenance of plant	17,037,809		12,990,639	(1,608,165)		504,819	975,762	4,174,754
Depreciation and amortization	12,660,243	_	-	-	_	-	-	12,660,243
Total operating expenses	122,741,266	(12,064,658)	118,648,394	(27,985,140)	713,128	958,301	27,907,894	14,563,347
Operating (loss) income	(82,409,355)		(77,091,975)	27,985,140	(713,128)	1,194,545	(20,118,734)	(13,665,203)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
State appropriations	39,478,637		39,478,637	(8,542,131)	-	-	8,542,131	-
Property tax levy	51,553,499	-	51,553,499	-	-	-	-	-
Pell Grant revenue	11,854,667	-	-	-	-	-	11,854,667	
Investment return and other gains	3,312,337	-	3,300,348	-	-	-	-	11,989
Interest on capital asset - related debt	(3,174,762)							(3,174,762)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	103,024,378		94,332,484	(8,542,131)			20,396,798	(3,162,773)
Other revenues								
State capital appropriations	3,593,200							3,593,200
Increase (decrease) in net position	24,208,223	-	17,240,509	19,443,009	(713,128)	1,194,545	278,064	(13,234,776)
Transfers (out) in			(19,664,128)		171,073	(415,926)	(110,786)	20,019,767
Change in net position	24,208,223	-	(2,423,619)	19,443,009	(542,055)	778,619	167,278	6,784,991
Net position (deficit), beginning of year	39,393,168		39,019,207	(168,815,334)	8,013,950	1,399,895	290,710	159,484,740
Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 63,601,391	\$ -	\$ 36,595,588	\$ (149,372,325)	\$ 7,471,895	\$ 2,178,514	\$ 457,988	\$ 166,269,731

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, TRANSFERS AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Unaudited) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Tables and tesper for followathing elementes of \$12,031,4021		Combined Total	Eliminations	General Funds	Pension and OPEB Liabilities Fund	Designated Funds	Auxiliary Activities Funds	Expendable Restricted Funds	Plant Funds
State parts and contracts 1,123,088	Operating revenues	4	4 (44.000.400)	4 00.150.501					4 045.004
Sale grants and contracts			\$ (11,820,183)	\$ 38,150,691	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 998,217	•	\$ 915,894
Solis and accordances S.218,227 2,660,494			-	-	-	-	-		-
Sales and services of axiallary activities 687,208 2,243 - 61,849 - 10,105 Dob Training programs 33,6677 - - - 45,066 - 117,00 Total operating revenues 38,554,791 (1,120,018) 41,050,005 - - 1,675,222 6,347,787 1,042,505 Operating revenues - - 1,675,222 6,347,787 1,042,505 Operating revenues - - 1,675,222 6,347,787 1,042,505 Information technology 1,155,808 1,104,1441 (1,056,022) 30,9407 146,953 29,910 2,061,334 37,976 - 1,141,144 1,506,102 30,407 1,141,144 1,156,102 30,407 1,141,144 1,156,103 1,141,144 1,156,103 1,141,144 1,156,103 1,141,144 1,156,103 1,141,144 1,156,103 1,141,144 1,156,103 1,141,144 1,156,103 1,141,144 1,141,144 1,142,144 1,142,144 1,142,144 1,142,144 1,142,144 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></th<>			-		-	-	-		-
Miscellance 10,046,883			-		-	-	-		
			-	2,243	-	-			10,016
Total operating revenues 38,954,791 (11,820,183) 41,705,005		•	-	-	-	-			-
Departing expenses	Miscellaneous	1,054,683	-	891,577			46,066		117,040
1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000 1,55,000	Total operating revenues	38,954,791	(11,820,183)	41,705,005			1,679,232	6,347,787	1,042,950
15,00,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,50,000 11,5	Operating expenses								
Public services 1,2,25,067 1,18,27,49 (38,331) 551,384 879,265 1	Instruction	27,760,429	-	35,355,279	(8,245,196)	-	12,174	638,172	-
Structional support 15,801,341	Information technology	11,550,898	-	10,431,441	(1,626,022)	508,407	146,963	29,910	2,060,199
State appropriations 15,863,662 (11,820,183) 15,117,752 (2,84,661) 184,999 17,808 15,222,947 11,810,1000 15,061,929 11,417,136 (1,125,81) 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0,000,40 0	Public services	2,255,067	-	1,182,749	(358,331)	-	551,384	879,265	-
State appropriations 25,248,288 15,331,380 (2,400,64) . (5,066) 12,322,058 . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,70	Instructional support	15,801,341	-	19,549,924	(4,494,880)	131,774	2,560	611,963	-
State appropriations 25,248,288 15,331,380 (2,400,64) . (5,066) 12,322,058 . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,700,64) . (2,70	Student services	15,863,662	(11,820,183)	15,111,752	(2,854,661)	184,999	17,808	15,223,947	-
Depreciation and amortization 12,289,152	Institutional administration	25,248,298	-	15,331,380	(2,400,054)		(5,086)	12,322,058	-
Total operating expenses 125,830,776 (11,820,183) 108,379,661 (21,104,995) 825,180 1,645,915 29,710,084 18,195,114 Operating (loss) income (86,875,985) - (66,674,656) 21,104,995 (825,180) 33,317 (23,362,297) (17,152,164) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) State appropriations 36,381,429 - 36,381,429 - 0.36,381,429 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Operation and maintenance of plant	15,061,929	-	11,417,136	(1,125,851)	-	920,112	4,769	3,845,763
Operating (loss) income (86,875,985) - (66,674,656) 21,104,995 (825,180) 33,317 (23,362,297) (17,152,164) Nonoperating revenues (expenses) State appropriations 36,381,429 36,381,429 (12,080,795) 12,080,795 Property tax levy 48,618,027 48,618,027 10,819,567 10,819,567	Depreciation and amortization	12,289,152	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,289,152
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) State appropriations 36,381,429 - 36,381,429 (12,080,795) 12,080,795 12,080,795 12,080,795 12,080,795 12,080,795	Total operating expenses	125,830,776	(11,820,183)	108,379,661	(21,104,995)	825,180	1,645,915	29,710,084	18,195,114
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) State appropriations 36,381,429 - 36,381,429 (12,080,795) 12,080,795 12,080,795 12,080,795 12,080,795 12,080,795	Operating (loss) income	(86,875,985)		(66,674,656)	21,104,995	(825,180)	33,317	(23,362,297)	(17,152,164)
State appropriations 36,381,429 - 36,381,429 (12,080,795) - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,795 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,080,796 - 12,08	No. 1997 April 1997 Ap								
Property tax levy 48,618,027 48,618,027 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		26 204 420		26 204 420	(42,000,705)			42 000 705	
Pell Grant revenue 10,819,567 - - - - - - 10,819,567 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 6,870,966 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>(12,080,795)</td> <td>-</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			•		(12,080,795)	-	•		-
Federal nonoperating grants - HERFF 6,870,966 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 158,584 - 158,584 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	48,618,027	-	-	-		-
Investment return and other gains 2,040,154 - 1,881,570 158,584 Interest on capital asset - related debt (3,278,290) (3,278,290) Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) 101,451,853 - 86,881,026 (12,080,795) 29,771,328 (3,119,706) Increase (decrease) in net position 14,575,868 - 20,206,370 9,024,200 (825,180) 33,317 6,409,031 (20,271,870) Transfers (out) in (15,952,054) 2,103,258 (502,659) (6,348,303) 20,699,758 Change in net position 14,575,868 - 4,254,316 9,024,200 1,278,078 (469,342) 60,728 427,888 Net position (deficit), beginning of year 24,817,300 - 34,764,891 (177,839,534) 6,735,872 1,869,237 229,982 159,056,852			-	-	-	-	-		-
Interest on capital asset - related debt (3,278,290) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>4 004 570</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>450 504</td></t<>			-	4 004 570	-	-	-		450 504
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) 101,451,853 - 86,881,026 (12,080,795) - - 29,771,328 (3,119,706) Increase (decrease) in net position 14,575,868 - 20,206,370 9,024,200 (825,180) 33,317 6,409,031 (20,271,870) Transfers (out) in - - (15,952,054) 2,103,258 (502,659) (6,348,303) 20,699,758 Change in net position 14,575,868 - 4,254,316 9,024,200 1,278,078 (469,342) 60,728 427,888 Net position (deficit), beginning of year 24,817,300 - 34,764,891 (177,839,534) 6,735,872 1,869,237 229,982 159,056,852			-		-	-	-		
Increase (decrease) in net position 14,575,868 - 20,206,370 9,024,200 (825,180) 33,317 6,409,031 (20,271,870) Transfers (out) in - (15,952,054) 2,103,258 (502,659) (6,348,303) 20,699,758 Change in net position 14,575,868 - 4,254,316 9,024,200 1,278,078 (469,342) 60,728 427,888 Net position (deficit), beginning of year	interest on capital asset - related debt	(3,278,290)							(3,278,290)
Transfers (out) in - - (15,952,054) 2,103,258 (502,659) (6,348,303) 20,699,758 Change in net position 14,575,868 - 4,254,316 9,024,200 1,278,078 (469,342) 60,728 427,888 Net position (deficit), beginning of year 24,817,300 - 34,764,891 (177,839,534) 6,735,872 1,869,237 229,982 159,056,852	Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	101,451,853		86,881,026	(12,080,795)			29,771,328	(3,119,706)
Change in net position 14,575,868 - 4,254,316 9,024,200 1,278,078 (469,342) 60,728 427,888 Net position (deficit), beginning of year 24,817,300 - 34,764,891 (177,839,534) 6,735,872 1,869,237 229,982 159,056,852	Increase (decrease) in net position	14,575,868	-	20,206,370	9,024,200	(825,180)	33,317	6,409,031	(20,271,870)
Net position (deficit), beginning of year 24,817,300 - 34,764,891 (177,839,534) 6,735,872 1,869,237 229,982 159,056,852	Transfers (out) in			(15,952,054)		2,103,258	(502,659)	(6,348,303)	20,699,758
	Change in net position	14,575,868	-	4,254,316	9,024,200	1,278,078	(469,342)	60,728	427,888
Net position (deficit), end of year \$ 39,393,168 \$ - \$ 39,019,207 \$ (168,815,334) \$ 8,013,950 \$ 1,399,895 \$ 290,710 \$ 159,484,740	Net position (deficit), beginning of year	24,817,300		34,764,891	(177,839,534)	6,735,872	1,869,237	229,982	159,056,852
	Net position (deficit), end of year	\$ 39,393,168	\$ -	\$ 39,019,207	\$ (168,815,334)	\$ 8,013,950	\$ 1,399,895	\$ 290,710	\$ 159,484,740